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Notes on Silhouettes of My Contemporaries by Lyman Abbott

Earl Clement Davis

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Dr. Lyman Abbott and his Contemporaries.

The death of Dr. Lyman Abbott, preacher, editor and educator. is an event of more than passing interest to a student of Amer ican Life. Quite apart from the intersst which one may have in Dr. Abbott because of his human qualities, there is an interes in him because of the 19th century developments with which he was interested and which in turn indicated his own point of we view. Happily he had just finsihed published a book under the the very interesting title of Silhouettes of my Contemporaties. in which he had picked 19 men and women with whom he had come in contact during his life time, sam many of the personal friends, and who seemed to him to be significant of the main tendencies of the 19th century, and particularly of the generation which wa particularly his own.

It is difficult to takk realize the condition in which the old Puritamism (New Theology and revivals) had left the churches of New England at the close of the 18th century. There were no missionary societies, home or foreign; no youngmen's or young women's Christain associat: tions; no anti slavery/ temperance, or other reform societies. Yale college had only four professing Christians in its student body, and had two from Paine Societies.

Many causes have combined to overthrow the t theological system which produced this moral ar and spiritual decadence. Cheif among them four Puritan Divines leading without conscious Empre Cooperation a revolt against it.

William Ellery Channing who taught the essent tial goodness of man, and interpreted sin a mur

curable disease

Charles G. Rhinney Finney who taught that ma man was a free moral agent, and therefore ought to repent of his sins.

Horace Bushnell, who applied the doctime of development to religion, and taught that sin is not natural but unnatural

Henry Ward Beecher who taught thay god treats men , not collectively as a king treats a community, but individually as a Father treat his childrem.

> Puritanism of 18th centyru p a religion of law.

the new a religion of freedom.

A young man once called to see me with the following account of his experience:

" I was brought up to believe that the Bibl is inspired and infallible in all its statements that the world was made out of nothing in six days of 24 hours each; that God made wax a pefect man 6000 years ago; that he fell; and that because of his fall sin, misery, and death l have entered the world. In that faith I joined the Church when I was a boy. I have since lear learned that the world was not made in six days; that man has lived on the earth a great deal km longer than six thousand years; that he was gradually developed out of a lower animal form; and that the only fall has been a fall upward. The Bible is gone : my faith is gone with is : and now I do not know whether there is a God or wax in the universe or a soul in the body."

This interprets the overthrow of faith of thousands which characterized the latter half of the 19th century. It was a faith founded on a book and on a false interpretation of that book; and when science undermined the foundation the superstructure fell.

age 81

P. T Barnum, Showman.
Edwin Booth, Interpreter.
The Smiley Brother, Lovers of Hospitality
John B Gough, Apostle of Temperance.

Alice Freeman Palmer, Teacher.
John Fiske Evolutionist
Edward Everett Hale, Am American Abou Ben Adhem

John Greenleaf Whittier m Mystic

General Samuel Chapman Armstrong, Educational Pioneer.

General William Booth, Home Missionary Pione

Daniel Bliss, Foreign Missionary Pioneer.

Dwight Lyman Moody Evangelist

Henry Ward Beecher, Prophet of The Love of God.

Phillips Brooks, Prophet of the Spiritual Li

Booker T. Washington, Statesman

Rutherford B. Hayes, Peacemaker.

Abraham Lincoln, Labor Leader.

Theodore Roosevelf, Preacher of Righteousness Jacob Abbott, Friend of Children.

advertising. Transforflies for job. would do any Thing fore dollar a day. B. gome lim breokfort. they total him to day a brick on a the corner Broadway and ann street, another close by the Museum (Broadway) at third - the Manual and a third - the Manual and Barrens. P.T. a third on the some of Broadway Thesey Steet, and a fourth on the rice worth in front of Dr. Paves, Church? then win the fifth briefs in hand to take of a rafiel march from one to the other, making The circuit, exchanging your brick at every fruit, and soy votting to anyme! at the end of one how the side world was fached with surious feefle, and sworgt of them followed The brick lyer at the evel of each rycle with the unserne, to were this for for the his. "Silfonette frug Contempories", fyron abbots. Be 7.

about your gilloudes of my Contempries.

Notes on

Silhouettes of My Contemporaries

By Lyman Abbott

Garden City, NJ: Doubleday, Page & Co., 1921

Lancaster, PA

1922

Dr. Lyman Abbott and his Contemporaries

The death of Dr. Lyman Abbott, preacher, editor and educator, is an event of more than passing interest to a student of American Life. Quite apart from the interest which one may have in Dr. Abbott because of his human qualities, there is an interest in him because of the 19th century developments with which he was interested and which in turn indicated his own point of view. Happily he had just published a book under the very interesting title of Silhouettes of my Contemporaries, in which he had picked 19 men and women with whom he had come in contact during his lifetime, many of them personal friends, and who seemed to him to be significant of the main tendencies of the 19th century, and particularly of the generation which was particularly his own.

[Henry Ward Beecher, Prophet of the Love of God]

It is difficult to realize the condition in which the old Puritanism (New Theology and revivals) had left the churches of New England at the close of the 18th century. There were no missionary societies, home or foreign; no young men's or young women's Christian associations; no anti-slavery/temperance, or other reform societies. Yale college had only four professed Christians in its student body, and had two Tom Paine Societies.

Many causes have combined to overthrow the theological system which produced this moral and spiritual decadence. Chief among them, four

Puritan Divines leading without conscious cooperation a revolt against it. William Ellery Channing, who taught the essential goodness of man, and interpreted sin a curable disease; Charles G. Finney who taught that man was a free moral agent, and therefore ought to repent of his sins; Horace Bushnell, who applied the doctrine of development to religion, and taught that sin is not natural but unnatural; [and] Henry Ward Beecher who taught that God treats men, not collectively as a king treats a community, but individually as a Father treats his children.¹

Puritanism of the $18^{\rm th}$ century, a religion of law.

The new religion of freedom.

A young man once called to see me with the following account of his experience:

I was brought up to believe that the Bible is inspired and infallible in all its statements, that the world was made out of nothing in six days of 24 hours each; that God made a perfect man 6,000 years ago; that he fell; and that because of his fall, sin, misery and death have entered the world. In that faith, I joined the Church when I was a boy. I have since learned that the world was not made in six days, that man has lived on earth a great deal longer than six thousand years; that he was gradually developed out of a lower animal form, and that the only fall has been a fall upward. The Bible is gone; my faith is gone with it; and now I do not know whether there is a God in the universe or a soul in the body. (Page 81)

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 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Lyman Abbott, Silhouettes of my Contemporaries, p. 213-214.

when science undermined the foundation, the superstructure fell. 2

P. T. Barnum, Showman.³

Edwin Booth, Interpreter.

The Smiley Brothers, Lovers of Hospitality

John B. Gough, Apostle of Temperance.

Alice Freeman Palmer, Teacher.

John Fiske, Evolutionist.

Edward Everett Hale, An American Abou Ben Adhem⁴ John Greenleaf Whittier, Mystic.

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Booker T. Washington, Statesman.

Rutherford B. Hayes, Peacemaker.

Abraham Lincoln, Labor Leader.

Theodore Roosevelt, Preacher of Righteousness Jacob Abbott, Friend of Children.

Barnum, P. T.

A tramp applied [to him] for a job. Would do anything for a dollar a day. B. gave him breakfast, then told him to lay a brick on the corner of Broadway and Ann Street, another close by the Museum (Barnum), a third on the corner of Broadway and Vesey Street, and a fourth on the sidewalk in front of St. Paul's Church; then with a fifth brick in hand, to "take up a rapid march from one to the other making the circuit, exchanging your bricks at every point and say nothing to anyone." At the end of one hour the sidewalk was packed with curious people, ... and enough of them followed the brick-layer at the

² Lyman Abbott, Silhouettes of my Contemporaries, p. 81.

³ Earl Davis here lists the chapters—each a person or persons—of Silhouettes of my Contemporaries.

⁴ Abou Ben Adhem is a poem written by English critic and poet, Leigh Hunt in 1834. It concerns a pious Middle Eastern sheikh who finds the love of God to have blessed him.

end of each cycle into the museum, to more than pay for the hire. (Silhouettes of my Contemporaries, Lyman Abbott, pge. 7.)