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01 Naim Bey - Memoirs I

Krikor Guerguerian

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Naim
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DOSSIER
VIII

Բագրինյան 1 Մայորի 1982

ԵՌԶԴԱՏԻ ՀԱՅԱՍՊԱՆՈՒԹԵԱՆ ՎԱԻԵՐԱԳՐԱԿԱՆ ՊԱՏՄՈՒԹԻՒՆԸ

ՆՈՐ ՀՐԱՏԱՐԱԿՈՒԹԻՒՆ ՄԸ ՀԱՏԻՆ ՆՈՒԻՐՈՒԱԾ

ՀԵՂԻՆԱԿ' ԳՐԻԿԵՐ

• Առաջին գիտական ուսումնասիրութիւնը, հիմնուած Թուրք Պատերազմական Ատեանի պաշտօնական վաւերագրերու վրայ:

• Թուրք Պատերազմական Ատեանի առջեւ՝ Հայերը ամրաստանող կողմ էին եւ այդ հանգամանքով, իրաւունք ունեին փաստաբուղբերու վաւերացուած պատեւաները ունենալու:

• Այս գիրքը պատրաստելու համար գործածուած են՝ Թուրք Պատերազմական Ատեանի բղբածրաբներուն մէջ գտնուած պաշտօնական վաւերագրերու վրկայութիւնները:

• Հեղինակը կը յայտարարէ թէ իր այս հայերէն գրէն գոյանալիք գուսարը պիտի յատկացուի անգիւրէնի հրատարակութեան:

• Գիրքը կը պարունակէ 468 էջեր. Գինն է 42 տոլար գանատակամ, (35 տոլար ամերիկան):

Ստանալու համար դիմել Համազգայինի:

HAMAZKAINE-ASSOC. CULTURELLE ARMENIENNE

3401, OLIVAR-ASSELIN, MONTREAL, Qué. H4J 1L5

ՀԵՌԱՏԻ 337-7753

List

1. No. 502, Sept. 3, 1915, original and Naim
Sept. 16, 1915, original
2. No. 537, Sept. 28, 1915, "
3. No. 544, Oct. 3, 1915, "
4. No. 562, Oct. 12, 1915, " only
5. No. 603, Nov. 5, 1915, "
Nov. 18, 1915 original
6. No. 681, Nov. 23, 1915, only Naim
7. No. 723, Dec. 3, 1915, "
No. 745, Dec. 11, 1915, "
8. No. 762, Dec. 17, 1915, "
9. No. 801, Dec. 26, 1915, "
10. No. 810, Dec. 29, 1915 original & "
11. No. 820, Jan. 4, 1916 only "
12. No. 830, Jan. 12, 1916, "
13. No. 840, Jan. 16, 1916, "

14- No. 845, supplement, Jan. 16, 1916, only Name.

N- No. 853, Jan. 23, 1916, original & Name

Naim Sefa Efendi

Naim Sefa Efendi or Naim Bey was an employee by turns at the Régie of Tobacco in Ras-Ul-Ain, when he was called to assume the task of chief secretary of Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, Special Delegate of Talaat Bey to Aleppo with the title of SOUS-DIRECTEUR GENERAL for the settlement of Tribes and Deportees.¹ *Deputy Chairman of the Gen. Committee*

Then he was transferred to Meskene as Supervisor of Deportations ~~at January-March 1916.~~

Again he was chief secretary of Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, (SOUS-DIRECTEUR GENERAL) at Aleppo till the occupation of the town by British Army on October 26, 1918.

Naim in Ras-Ul-Ain

Ras-Ul-Ain was a little town on the west bank of the Euphrates river, in 1914. The governor was Yusuf Zia Bey. He had a close-friendship with Naim, who was secretary at the Régie of Tobacco.

Both had a special feeling for the sufferings of the Armenian deportees. They tried to help them. As Armenian deportees were dying by starvation and through diseases, particularly typhus, by 500-600 every day.

1. The exact title of Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey was: İskân-ı Aşair ve Muhacirin Müdüriyeti Umumi Muavini, in Aleppo, the chief office being at Constantinople: İskân-ı Aşair ve Muhacirin Müdüriyeti Umumi Reisi. The Office was held by Shukri Bey.

At the beginning Naim did not understand what really was the goal of the Turkish Government which had issued orders to deport the Armenians. Further on he understood that the main purpose of the deportation was the extermination of the Armenian race, as soon^N as he was assigned secretary at Aleppo and began to transcribe the orders coming from the Ministry of Internal Affairs, as well as the orders dispatched by Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, brother-in-law of Talaat Bey, and Governor General of Aleppo, and the orders dispatched by Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, his immediate chief, to mutesarifs, kaymakams and müdürs for the annihilation of the Armenian deportees.

Naim wrote: "I was at the house of the kaymakam. [Yusuf Zia Bey in Meskene K] A storm was raging outside. Within ten minutes' walk from where we were we could hear the mobs and moans of those unhappy people outside, exposed to the fury of the elements.

"The kaymakam Yusuf Zia Bey was a very good, kind-hearted man. We went out together to the house of an Ağa, and to one or two other places whence we managed to get hold of two or three tents. With the help of ten or fifteen gendarmes, and some of the people, we succeeded in pitching the tents, so that the poor victims might have some sort of shelter.

"Their death was a pitiful thing to behold. But an infinitely more heart-rending scene took place when the dogs began to devour the corpses." 2

Naim in the Office of Abdul Ahad Nuri

September 1915 Naim was chief secretary in the Office of the "Sous-Direction Générale des Déportés" in Aleppo. The main Office or "Direction Générale" was in Constantinople and Shukri Bey was the "Directeur Général", Abdul Ahad Nuri was "Sous-Directeur Général". He was designated directly by Talaat.

"I came to Aleppo," wrote Naim.

"As luck would have it, Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, who had arrived three or four days ago as Representative of the General Deportations Committee, appointed me as his Chief Secretary.

"Although I had seen things with my own eyes while I was at Ras-Ul-Ain, I had not been able to understand the purpose of those crimes.

"I only grasped their nature and spirit afterwards. Every time I recorded the secret orders given in the coded documents I trembled. A great nation was sentenced to death along with its women and children." 3.

The relationship was hierarchical. The Vali of Aleppo received secret orders and instructions from the Ministry of the Internal Affairs and in turn communicated them to Abdul Ahad Nuri. Abdul Ahad also received orders and instructions from his immediate chief Shucri Bey. All these secret orders and instructions were entrusted to Naim as Secretary.

3. Op. cit. p.3. Ap. 21, and Fp. 22-23.

Abdul Ahad Nuri had already received verbal secret orders and instructions from Talaat before leaving Constantinople for his office in Aleppo.

In turn Naim communicated secret orders and instructions issued by his immediate chief Abdul Ahad Nuri to the mutesarifs, kaymakams, and müdirs in the province of Aleppo, as well as to the Police Commissioner Fikri Bey at Bab-Ul-Faraj and Emin Bey Gendarmerie Commander, both in Aleppo and reported the expeditions of deportees to the Teskilât-ı Mahsusa leaders operating in the province and specially at the sites of massacre previously established by the authorities.

Secret meetings were held in the Office of Abdul Ahad Nuri with high ranking officials for the execution of deportations. Naim too participated in ~~the~~ their meetings. He wrote: "Every time I recorded the secret orders given in cipher documents I trembled. A great nation was sentenced to death with its women and children." 4

Naim reported one of the secret meeting discussion and the decisions made on November 1915 as follows: "The very same evening at 10:30 p.m. the Superintendent of Deportees, Eyub Bey, and the head of Gendarmerie, Emin Bey, hurried to the Government Office to see Nuri Bey. Nuri Bey at once showed them the telegram he had received, and they were together for about an hour. The subject of their conversation was the method of exterminating the Armenians.

4. Op. cit. p.3. Ap. 21, and Ep. 22-23.

Eyub Bey was for openly exterminating them, but Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, who was a very cunning man, disapproved of this plan. His idea was that it would be better to expose the Armenian deportees to privation and to the rigour of the winter; killing them in this way would serve in the future as evidence to prove the story that they had died a natural death.". 5

Naim was very closely familial with his chief Abdul Ahad Nuri, as he reported one of his talks with him: "One day I said to Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey: 'Bey Efendi, let us relax the deportation of the Armenians a little, for in this way death is threatening the whole of Mesopotamia. None but devils will remain in those wide stretches of land. The kaymakam of Res-Ul-Ain is making painful communications about this.

"Nuri Bey laughed.

"My boy" he said, 'in this way we rid ourselves of two dangerous elements at once. Is it not the Arabs who are dying with the Armenians? Is it a bad thing? The road for Turkey's future will be cleared.

"I listened (I was silent). This fearful answer made me tremble." 6

5. Op. cit. p. 4-5, Ap. 23, Fp. 24.

Abdul Ahad Nuri sent "instructions...from Aleppo to try and keep the deportees hangry and thirsty on the way so as to diminish their numbers as much as possible." p.37.

6. Op. cit. p. 6, Ap. 25, and Fp. 26.

Naim-Superintendent of Deportations at Meskene

As known by Naim, his immediate chief Abdul Ahad Nuri was a "cruel man"..."filled with special emnity against Armenians."⁷

Naim described him as the "incarnation of refinement of cruelty. The sufferings and the misery of the Armenians, the frequent reports of death among them, filled him with such rapture that he loſt his head and almost danced with joy."⁷

As the official commander of deportations did not carry out the orders sent to him from Aleppo to deport the Armenian deportees from Meskene to Der-Zor for their extermination therein, Naim was appointed Superintendent of deportations at Meskene. His chief Nuri Bey thought that Naim will strictly execute his decisions. Naim wrote:

"Thus, after having witnessed hundreds of thousands of such dramas in Aleppo, I was sent to Meskene as an official of the Deportations Committee. When I was about to depart, Eyub Bey called me and said: 'We have not been satisfied of the officials sent to Meskene. You have been in the work, and you are familiar with the orders that have been sent. See that you do not let those people alive. When necessary, kill them with your own hand. Killing them is an amusement.'" ⁸

7. Op. cit, p. 12. Compare with the Armenian text page 41-42, English translation missed the words "lost his head".

8. Op. cit. p. 41.

"I went to Meskene. I heard of the crimes committed. I remained there two months and only once deported a convoy. Their number could not have exceeded thirty." 9

When he was in Meskene Naim received an order from Aleppo to deport from Meskene the Armenian Archbishop of Izmid to let him die on the way. Naim did not refuse to carry out the order, but he did not deport him either. 10

Two other Armenian priests were sent to Meskene with a severe and open order to kill them. Naim did not deport them. 11

Again Naim Secretary in the Office of the Sous-Direction Générale des Déportés in Aleppo.

On March 1916 Naim was again assigned Secretary to the Office of Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey. Naim remained there till the occupation of Aleppo by British Army on October 26, 1918. With the escape of Turkish Officers and Officials, Naim did not escape, but he was no longer paid his salary. And he needed money to live his life in his own way, drinking and gambling, etc..

Naim namely mentioned in the Turkish Official Documents

As chief secretary in the office of the Sous-Direction Générale des Déportés, at Aleppo, Syria, Naim had a role

9. Op. cit. p. 41.

10. Op. cit. p. 42.

11. Op. cit. p. 42-43.

in transcribing official original documents as he was aware of the secret procedure.

His role is more emphasized and pointed out in the decoding of a coded telegram dispatched by Talaat, dated October 4, 1915, which has five marginal notes or apostils. In these marginal notes one may see and understand the importance of the role of Naim in the Office of Abdul Ahad Nuri.

In the same telegram the Minister of Internal Affairs ordered the Vali of Aleppo Mustafa Abdul Halik to complete lacks in the dossier of investigation concerning the death of Krikor Zohrab, Deputy for Constantinople, who was supposed by Talaat of being dead because of an accident on the route and to design a trustworthy official to make an investigation and complete the papers of the dossier.

As the Vali sent the same order to Abdul Ahad Nuri, the latter designated his chief secretary Naim to complete the dossier with the following reply:

"Secret:

"In a notice ask Naim Efendi.

Signed/ (Abdul Ahad Nuri) 12

In another marginal note beneath the transcription of the text of the same telegram Abdul Ahad Nuri wrote:

" No. 119, we bring to the highly consideration of the Vali that it is established that above said documents are not with Shevki Pasha.

October 9, 1915.

12. Emphasis added.

Turkish Government used many categories of ciphers.

- 1 - The code of War Office consisting of 3 figures,
- 2 - " the Min. of Int. Affairs
- 3 - " " of " Teskilat-i Mahsusa" of 2 figures
- 4 - " of Governors in the provinces consisting of 4 figures,

How to distinguish the originals
of the official documents of the Turkish Government
concerning the Genocide, of Armenian people.

^{five}

There are three categories of original Turkish official documents:

First Category:

The first category of original Turkish documents ^{official} ~~contain the ciphered~~ contain the ^{code} ~~official~~ Turkish cabled telegrams. These telegrams had been composed in figures following the pre-established code, ~~and~~ signed by respective Turkish Ministers of Interior, War and Justice, or, by any other qualified persons representing the civil and military competent authorities of Constantinople and Governments of provinces, ~~or military Head~~

^{quarters and General Staff.} The originals of the first category of Turkish official documents were preserved in the archives or records of the Turkish Post and Telegraph Office in Constantinople and the respective County seats of the Turkish states. from where they were despatched to destination. The Turkish Ministry of the Interior ordered all the originals in the records of Post and Telegraph Offices be sent to the Ministry of the Interior. These documents are of the first category.

originals

Midhat Sukri Bey, Secretary General of the Central Committee of Union and Progress Party, insisted all originals to be despatched to the Center. Moreover, when he despatched a ciphered telegram, he used to add that the original be sent back to him. (1)

On this matter, The President of the Turkish Court Martial, during the trial of the members of Union and Progress, asked questions to Midhat Sukri Bey. regarding this matter.

At the end of War, 1918, before the resignation of Talât Paşa's Cabinet, the original ciphered telegrams had been withdrawn from the Post and Telegraph Office

(1) There are other telegrams ^{in which the} whose all ~~the~~ author ^{and telegraph} commands that the addressee go to the post office to withdraw the original.

Under the signature

There are also letters, reports, & notes of the first category, but these originals of these documents are located in the possession of the addressees, or in the records of the government to which ~~and~~ the ~~the~~ documents are sent.

of Constantinople. The Ministry of the Interior sent ciphered circulars to all county-seats asking for the originals of ciphered telegrams. But some Governors and directors of Post and Telegraph Offices did not dispatch the originals.

Second category:

The second category of original Turkish official documents contained those ciphered telegrams despatched to and received by the respective Post and Telegraph Offices of the provinces or county-seats, and handled, in figures, to the addressees, Valis, Mutesarrifs, Kaymakams, Military Commanders, and, through these high officials, to the responsible Delegates and ^{Executive} Secretaries, who had been given the right of using the code figures. *(while at their)*

The ciphered telegrams, arrived to destination, were decoded by the addressees or their respective trustworthy secretaries, who had the ~~usage~~ ^{permission to use} of the code figures when decoding a telegram, or composing a telegram to be sent.

There were some ciphered telegrams which had the following note: "To be decoded directly by the Governor. The original telegrams received in figures were decoded and the decoded text was written: in Turkish Osmanli or in Arabic characters.

1. Between the lines of figures, if there was space enough between lines or the lines were far apart;

2. Below the page of coded figures, when there was space enough below the page for decoded text;

3. On the back of the page containing figures, when there was no space enough below the page of figures.

See photostatic reproductions of these three kinds of decoding.

The originals of the ciphered telegrams, when decoded, were signed or paraphed by the cipher officer or the Governor who received the telegram.

Below the coded text After deciphering of the figures, most of time were added under the text apostils or marginal notes by the addressees or the Governor who received them. The Governor *most of the time*

3

in coded

who received the telegrams, used to give orders or instructions, written once or more by his own hand and signed by himself, to the officials, to carry out the orders contained in the ciphered telegram.

handwriting

Sometimes, the official who had to carry out the orders contained in the ciphered telegram, used to write and sign himself, once or more, instructions to his secretary or his subordinate or undersecretary to carry out the orders, or, sometimes, he had to make objection^s to the Governor's instructions, and so, he transmitted the original of the decoded telegram to the Governor himself.

See photostatic reproduction.

Apostils or marginal notes are in general orders, recommendations, instructions, suggestions, given or made by the Governor who receives the telegram or by the official in position.

Third category:

This category of ciphered telegrams includes only:

or of the second category.

1. Copies of originals of decoded telegrams. The copies of the decoded text are certified, to be communicated to other governors, military officers, presidents of Commissions or Chairmen of Committees, and sometimes, to Police Commissioner^s and gendarmerie Commanders. *Local leaders of the "Teshki-lah Mahsusa", responsible for*

ing 2. Copies conform^s to the originals of decoded telegrams certified by either ^{an} official of a ^{provincial government} province or by the governor himself, transmitting^{ed them} to the Ministry of the Interior or the President of the Court Martial, or to the Judge of Enquiry Commission.

3. Copies conform^s to the originals of decoded telegrams certified by the office of figures of the Ministry of Interior, transmitting^{ed them} to the President or Attorney General of the Court Martial, or to the Judge of Enquiry Commission.

- and
residents of
the Club of
U.P.

Since the beginning of the trials Feb. 5, 1919, franchises had been admitted in the courtroom such as lawyers, prosecutors, personal defense, and in such quality had access to the records and files of the court.

X on Feb. 5, 1919

At the beginning of trials before the Courts Martial,
~~the~~ Frenchmen, such as
lawyers, prosecutors &
personal ~~prosecutors~~,
and survivors or heirs,
were officially accepted in the Court-
room, and had access
to the records and files
of the Turkish Court-
Martial trying the
originators and accomplices
of Massacre,

The Court Martial and the Enquiry Commission had been constituted by imperial decree in December 1918 to try the authors and their accomplices of the Genocide of the Armenian people.

Fourth category:

This category contains:

1. Copies of original decoded telegrams non-certified, or simply unofficial; *
2. The copies could have been reproduced by an official who had the use of the code or to whom were available the originals of the decoded telegrams;
3. The copies could have been reproduced by an official who carried out orders without having the use of the code;
4. The copies could have been reproduced by any one who could have at his disposal the originals or copies of telegrams.

5. The copies certified or not prepared by both parties officially present at the public hearings of the Court Martial. In the present publication, the originals of the documents of first category are rare.

But ~~in~~ the ~~archives~~ documents contained in the archives or libraries or some individual archives contain originals of the first category:

1. Two letters of Dr. Behaeddin Şakir Bey, President of the Special Organization and Chairman of the tri-member Executive Commission of Genocide, are documents of the first category.

Dr. Behaeddin Şakir Bey had sent orders and instructions concerning the decisions to annihilate the Armenian people.

2. The lists of the Armenians to be killed, prepared by the the Turkish Police Commissioners, are documents of the first category.

county-seats The Police commissioners in every city or village in the Ottoman Empire, prepared the lists of Arme-

at night

nian men, who were arrested by the gendarmerie, following ^{the} lists, put in jail and, at night ^{by} groups of 50 or 100, less or more, tied ^{with each other} and transported out of town or village, and killed in a isolated locality. previously determined by the authorities.

directly to the
Ministry of
Int. af.

^{or inspectors} 3. The reports prepared by the Enquiry Commission sent ~~on 1915~~ to the provinces by the Ministry of the Interior. These reports were despatched to Constantinople during ~~1915-1916~~; later on, ~~in~~ 1918-1919, the same reports were transmitted to the Court Martial which had to try those responsible ~~for the~~ ^{from} Genocide;

4. Reports or written testimonies of Turkish high officers or officials were delivered to the Enquiry Commission or Court Martial itself, ^{such} as the reports of Miralay Vehip Paşa, Commander-in-Chief of the Third Army Corps and Major Salim Bey, commander of the place of Yozgat.

Fifth category:

^{may}
This category ~~contains~~ forged documents:

1. Documents forged by the Turkish Government itself, as the medical certificate to attest that Krikor Zohrab, Deputy of Constantinople, died as a natural consequence of a heart attack, ~~whereas~~ he was killed by order of the Turkish Government, or ~~as~~ the certificate signed by an Armenian priest attesting that Krikor Zohrab ~~died~~ died of a heart attack, was buried by him with religious ceremonies, ~~while~~ no ceremony was held nor burial ~~taken~~ took place.

See photostatic reproductions of these two official Turkish forged documents.

2. Documents forged by individual officials.

Talât Paşa despatched a ciphered telegram to the Vali, of Aleppo, Mustapha Abdul Halik Bey, on February 3, 1916, and asked him to help the Commission ~~under~~ the presidency of Mustapha Nâfil Efendi; this Commission had the mission of gathering documents to justify the ^{of} Genocide.

The official Turkish documents published in the present volume contain original documents of all above mentioned categories, especially ~~the~~ the second category; conform copies officially certified by the competent authorities of the respective ministries, or governments of provinces, and transmitted to the Turkish Court Martial in position to establish and try the authors and accomplices of the ~~Genocide of the Armenian people.~~

Mursar The records of the Turkish Court Martial now are inaccessible, but many documents have been published in the official paper 'Tekvimi Vekayi' of the Turkish Government; other documents have been published in many ^{new} papers, Turkish, French, English, Armenian, Greek etc. The Historians must consider that the Armenians were ~~a was~~ a party to the suit before the Turkish Court Martial, and, in this capacity, they had the right to possess the records of the same Court Martial.

There is no need Needless to deal with the proofs of authenticity of this category of Turkish official documents, but it seems necessary to establish the origin or provenance of some documents.

The question is how to recognize the originals of the second category of Turkish official documents, which had not been, in general, copied by officials of the competent authorities, or officially non-certified, but which had been stolen, sold and bought, acquired ^{red} in ^{one way or another} by individuals, or Turkish officials, either in office or not; these Turkish officials, sometimes ^{who} tacitly disapproved ^{of} the decisions of ^{Armenian} genocide, had believed that the authors and accomplices of ^{Armenian} genocide should be denounced and punished, as Captain Fazil Bey, of Malatia, an officer of the Court Martial of Malatia.

We believe that expert evidence is necessary to establish the identification of hand ~~writing~~ scriptures and signatures, and, by doing so, establish the authenticity of a document.

or marginal notes

Every Turkish Official document despatched to an addressee and received by the addressee, contains apostils, hand-writings, signatures, several dates.

~~the province~~ For a sample, Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, Governor-General of Aleppo, where was established La Sous-Direction Générale des Déportés (La Direction Générale des Déportés and Settlement of Refugees was in Constantinople), and the Sous-Directeur Général Des Déportés, Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, received orders and instructions from concerning the Genocide of Armenian people either directly by ~~the Governor-General Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey~~ ^{from} Chucri Bey, Directeur Général des Déportés in Constantinople, or directly by Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, Governor-General of the province of Aleppo, who, in his turn, received orders and instructions ^{directly} from the Ministry of the Interior.

After receiving orders and instructions concerning the Genocide of Armenian people, Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, in his turn, transmitted the same orders and his own orders and instructions with marginal notes or apostils written ⁱⁿ his own hand writings under the ciphered telegram he received from the Ministry of the Interior. He also sent personally or, through Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, ciphered telegrams to Mutesarrifs, Kaimakams, and chiefs of the "Teşkilât-i Mahsus" ^{and} sometimes to the Police Commissioners and Gendarmerie Commanders.

To get expert evidence, handwriting or calligraphy, signatures, or parishes, are of great importance to establish definitely to establish identification of handwritings.

To establish handwriting and signatures of both Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey and Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, in Aleppo, 1918 after Armistice, many experts and appraisers worked during whole a week and concluded to the identification of the handwritings and signatures of both Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey and Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey were indeed authentic.

Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey and Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey had given orders and instructions handwritten and signed more than once, below the official documents they received from Constantinople; or to say more clearly, they had written and signed

~~and so on to its verification by experts~~

~~x and verification of same by experts.~~

orders and instructions to carry out the orders they received from the Ministry of the Interior or from the Directeur Général des Déportés in Constantinople. ~~they had signed these orders and instructions.~~

~~expert in~~ Through expert graphologic evaluation, the appraisers and graphologists perfectly and exactly ~~had~~ identified the handwritings and signatures of Mustafa Abdul ~~the~~ Halik and Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey.

These original documents were presented 1921 in Berlin to the High Court ~~which~~ tried the murderer Solomon Tehlerian, who had killed in Berlin Talât Paşa, Minister of the Interior, and Prime Minister. The German Court acquitted the murderer.

To elucidate the graphology and the concluding expert evaluation and identification of the handwritings and signatures of both Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey and Abdul Ahad Nuryi Bey, we are giving the photostatic reproductions and English translations of two Turkish official decoded telegrams of the Minister of the Interior ~~the~~ Talât Paşa. These two ciphered telegrams were decoded in Aleppo by the Office of the Governor-General Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey ~~and~~. Both Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey and Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey had written by ~~their own hands below the decodings of these two telegrams. their orders and instructions and had signed them.~~

Decoded Telegram of Talât Paşa, Minister of the Interior, despatched from Constantinople on November 18, 1915, to Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, Governor-General of Aleppo, Syria.

"In accordance with the instructions of its Government, the American Embassy in Constantinople, ~~recently made representations to us.~~

"It seems that the American Consuls are getting information by secret means.

"Despite ~~that~~ we answered them /Ambassador and Consuls/ that the deportation /of Armenians/ is ~~being carried out~~ being

~~secure way~~
 In a way ~~sure~~ and comfortable, this affirmation has not been enough to convince them.

Consequently try to deport the Armenians out of towns, villages and other centers, so as ~~to~~ not to ~~arise in~~ incidents that may attract attention.

"It is of major importance for our actual policy that foreigners, who are ~~crossing over by there / localities of massacres/~~, be convinced that the ~~deportation is to change residence~~ ~~has the goal of changing of habitation.~~

~~for the time being, to) feign~~ "For this reason, it is temporarily important, to lay out a delicate attitude and apply the known means (of extermination) only in opportune localities /~~where~~ ~~sible to the eyes of~~ foreigners ~~may not see/~~

"To this purpose, I instantly recommend you to that you arrest the persons who are giving informations or who are making enquiries, and bring them before the Court Martial, under other pretense."

November 18, 1915

The Minister of the Interior
Talât."

First ~~anestil~~ or marginal note written and signed by the Governor-General Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey:

"Without talking about the ciphered telegram, meet the Police Commissioner.

"Are there really persons who are making enquiries?

"In accordance with the orders of the Ministry,

"let the operations /of extermination/ be made

"carried out with some moderation.

"To the Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés.

Deputy Chairman of the Gen. Committee for the Settlement of

"November 21, 1915.

(Signed) "The Vali /Governor-General/
Mustafa Abdul Halik"

Second Apostil or marginal note written and signed by Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés:

I was certain that there were such persons and I had requested sometimes the Police Commissioner to pursue them, but his investigations had no result.

November 21, 1915.

(Signed) Le Sous-Directeur Général /des Déportés/
"Abdul Ahad Nuri."

Third Apostil or marginal note written and signed by the Vali Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey:

"You had ^{to} write also to the officials who supervise the deportation.

November 22, 1915.

(Signed) The Vali:

Mustafa Abdul Halik".

Fourth Apostil or marginal note written by Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey:

"Write, Naim Efendi,

November 22, 1915.

(Signed) /Le Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés/
/Abdul Ahad Nuri/

Fifth Apostil or marginal note written by Naim Sefi Efendi, Chief-Secretary of the Sous-Direction Générale des Déportés:

Office of the Deputy Chairman
of the Gen. Committee for the Settlement of the Depots

"Dossier 741/16"

/The Secretary/

(Signed) /Na Tim /¹

~~For an other sample~~ ^{as a second sample,} We will give, ~~another~~ decoded telegram of Talât Paşa, Minister of the Interior, who sent orders and instructions from Constantinople ~~to Aleppo~~ to Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, Governor-General ^{of Aleppo.}

Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey added under the decoding
of the telegram instructions written by his own hand and
under the decoded text of the telegram
signed. These orders and instructions were addressed to
Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés.
In his turn, Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, in turn, carried out the orders
and instructions of the Governor-General. Sometimes he had
raised objection^s to the order^s given, and he sent back to the Vali,
with his remarks and considerations.

Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey was not satisfied ~~by~~^{with} the answer ~~of~~^{text of the} of Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey. He wrote again below the decoded telegram and sent further new instructions to Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey.

Nuri Bey, ^{receiving further instructions from} Upon ~~the explanations~~ of the Governor-General, Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, ^{caused further} had no more objection, and in his turn he, ^{in turn} ~~instructions~~ gave ~~orders~~ to his Secretary Naim Sefa Efendi to carry out the orders.

See photostatic reproduction of the second category original cabled telegram of Talât Paşa concerning the murder of Krikor Zohrab, Deputy of Constantinople.

- (1) This same original document, together with other original documents, were stolen by Naim Sepe Efendi from the Office of Sans-Dirigeant-Général des Déportés in Aleppo and sold by him to Maglumian, who was director and editor of the Baron Hotel in Aleppo.

dated

In this telegram ~~Telogram~~ Talât Paşa ordered on October 4, 1915, ~~Talât Paşa ordered that~~ to designate a trustworthy official ~~be designated~~ to complete the records of the assassination ^s of Krikor Zohrab, Deputy of Constantinople at the Turkish Parliament.

Here is the ~~traslation~~ of the original of that telegram: ^(maintenance of)

"For some urgent reasons, the residence here /Constantinople/ of Krikor Zohrab Efendi, Deputy of Constantinople, was considered inopportune. He was turned over ^{e/} to the Sixth Army Corps Commander and sent away off."

"The High Ministry of War confirm ^s that Krikor Zohrab Efendi had died by ~~a~~ accident on his way /to Diarbekir/..

"On this matter the Government of Urfa and the commandement of the garrison of Euphrates carried out investigations regarding the matter."

"The records of these enquiries had been transmitted on September 12, 1915, [No 514] despatched to the commandement of the garrison of Aleppo." ^{by} ¹ ²

"To give the above said enquiries a confirmed and certified foundation, as soon as possible designate a trustworthy official." ¹ ²

First Apostil or marginal note written by Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, Governor-General of Aleppo, signed by himself and addressed to Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés in Aleppo:

"The other day, Last day I told you (Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey) I think that

"these records /about the assassination/ of Krikor Zohrab/ with

"are by Sevki Paşa, Commander of Army Corps. From him /Sevki Paşa/ check out /the records/ and complete them ^{records} concerning the murder of Krikor Zohrab".

/Aleppo/ October 6, 1915

(Signed) /The Vali/

Mustafa Abdul Halik."

Second Apostil or marginal note written by Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey,
Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés in Aleppo:

"Secret

"Ask ~~xxx~~ by a note to Naim Efendi. *in a note.*

"October 6, 1915".

(Signed) /No signature, but ~~the man~~ the scripture is the hand
writing of Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey/.

Third Apostil or marginal note written and signed by Abdul Ahad
 Nuri Bey, Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés in Aleppo:

"It has been established that the above mentioned docu-
 ments are not ~~by~~ ^{with} Şevki Paşa. To the High consideration
 of the Governor-General.

October 9, 1915.

(Signed) Sous-Directeur Général /des Déportés/
 Abdul Ahad Nuri."

Fourth Apostil or marginal note written ~~by the Governor-General~~
 Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, ~~signed by him~~ and addressed to Abdul
 Ahad Nuri Bey:

"Yesterday he /Şevki Paşa/ has delivered /the documents/.

"I saw the Paşa /Şevki Paşa/.

"Check them /the records concerning the assassination of
 Krikor Zohrab/.

"To the Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés:

"October 11, 1915.

/Signed:/ "Mustafa Abdul Halik". /The Governor General/

Fifth Apostil or marginal note written by Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey, ordering ~~to~~ his secretary Nâim Sefa Efendi to save the records of the assassination of Krikor Zohrab:

"Save them /records/, Nâim Efendi."

/No date/;

/No signature/;

/Handwriting of Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey/.
(we consider it)

To complete the explanations, ~~it seems~~ necessary to give the ~~traslation~~ of two other brief ciphered telegrams, despatched by Talât Paşa, Minister of the Interior, on October 7, 1915 and October 29, 1915, concerning the same question.

"Note to the Commander of the 16th Army Corps /October 7, 1915/:

"The High Ministry of War had requested, in a note dated ~~12~~ September, 1915 and sub. No. 561, that the enquiry papers be sent to the Commander of Aleppo Garrison.

"Communicate if these records had been ~~or not~~ delivered *to your High Command, or not.*

"Write".

"October 29, 1915 Cipher

"Extraordinary.

"After verification, communicate how many days the Deputy Krikor Zohrab Efendi stopped there /Aleppo/, in which ~~on~~ hotel and ~~at~~ what date he had been deported" from Aleppo?

/The Minister of Interior

Talât.

Sixth Apostil or marginal note written and signed by
~~the~~ Governor-General Mustafa Abdul Halik Bey, addressed to Abdul
Ahad Nuri Bey, Sous Directeur Général des Déportés in Aleppo:

"Verify this.

"To Abdul Ahad Nuri Bey.

/No date/.

/The Vali/

(Signed) Abdul Halik."

Seventh Apostil or marginal note, written by Abdul Ahad
Nuri Bey, Sous-Directeur Général des Déportés in Aleppo:
/^bNaim Efendi, my son, go to Eyup Bey. You shall find
^bthere the registration. Verify all in details. Write
on a separate paper.

/No signature/.

/No date/

/Hand writing of Abdul Ahad Nuri
Bey/.

- (1) Krieger "The Authenticity of the ottoman Turkish Documents Published
By Aram Andonian",
(2) Hoshamadian Medz Yegherni, (Beirut, 1965), pp 244-247.

Vice, Chairman:

Abdul Ahad Nuri." 13

In turn Abdul Ahad Nuri gave order to Naim in a marginal note with his own handwritting:

"Keep it, Naim Efendi." 14

Signed/ (Abdul Ahad Nuri).

As it appears from official documents Naim was assigned a very important task as he was aware of top-secret orders.

The name of Naim is mentioned again in another telegram despatched by Talaat on October 29, 1915, to the Vali of Aleppo, Mustafa Abdul Halik, who in turn transmitted to Abdul Ahad Nuri as a ministerial order concerned the dossier of Krikor Zohrab.

Talaat asked to investigate and report him in which hotel at Aleppo Krikor Zohrab remained and the date he left Aleppo.

Abdul Ahad Nuri again gave order to Naim in a marginal note to investigate and report. Nuri Bey wrote:

"Naim, my son, go to Eyub Bey, you shall find registrations; examine all the details. Write on a separate page." 15

In another telegram dispatched by Talaat from Constantinople on November 18, 1915, addressed to Mustafa Abdul Halik to make an investigation and report him who provides informations to the United State Consulate General at Aleppo concerning the deportation and massacre of the Armenians.

13. Fp. Emphasis added.

Op. cit. Hushamadian, pp. 244-245.

14. Fp. 102-103. Emphasis added.

1. MEDZ JOJIRU, The Major Crime,
by A. Andonian, Bahag Press, Boston, Mass.
1921 Hereafter AP.

- P. 11 "These are the memoirs of Naim Bey
that I am giving today to the press
p. 12 "He copied ~~the~~ a part of these
documents when he wrote his
memoirs."

2. Documents officiels concernant le Massacre
Armeniens, + by A. Andonian, Turanian
Press, Paris, 1920. p. 16 French Translation
of the Major Crime, Hereafter FP.

- p. 16 "Une partie de ces documents a été trans-
crite au fur et à mesure de ses Souvenirs,"

3. THE MEMOIRS OF NAIM BEY, by A. Andonian,
Hodder and Stoughton, London, 1920.
Hereafter EP.

- p. XII, "One part of those documents
he has written from memory; so.

Secretary Naim Bey did ^{not} write his memoirs,
but copied the official Turkish
documents available to him in the office
of the Deputy-Chairman of the General Committee
for the Settlement of Tribes and Deportees,
in Aleppo, Syria. XX

XX He did not write his memoirs,
but copied comments and inter-
views from the Turkish
official documents

In Consle The head Office was called:
İSKAN-L AŞAYIR VE MÜHACİRİN MÜDÜRÜ

Umumi \Rightarrow , Shachri Bey was the Chairman.

In Aleppo the second office was called:
İskan-l Aşayir ve mühacirin Müdüriyeti
Umumi Muavine, Abdolahad Nuri Bey
Was the Deputy-Chairman. He was the personal delegate of İalaat Bey, with specific instructions concerning the extermination of the Armenians. In Aleppo the chief Secretary of the office was Naim Bey.

- 1- Memorandum delivered by A. Andonian ^{in Berlin} on June 10, 1921 to the Defense-Attorneys of Soghomon Tehlirianee, unedited, in Bibliothèque Nubar, Paris.
- 2- Letter dispatched on July 26, 1937 from Paris by A. Andonian to Dr. Mary Tersian at Geneva, Switzerland; unedited, Bibliothèque Nubar, Paris.
- 3- Notes for the history of the massacre, by A. Andonian, unedited, Bibliothèque Nubar, Paris.
- 4- Unedited papers by Aram Andonian, Bib. Nubar, Paris
- 5- Hooshmandian MEDZ VEGHERNI, Memorial Book ^{Authenticity of the Turkish off. documents} of the Major Crime, Atlas Press, Beirut, Lebanon, 1965, pp. 224-238.

Consul W. Rössler wrote April²⁵ 1921 in his secret report as follows:

„Der Verfasser teilt die Dokumente (Seite 16) in Solche, die Naim Bey aufbewahrt hat, und Solche, die er aus Gedächtnis niedergeschrieben habe, (transcrive au fur et à mesure de Ses souvenirs.)“

„The author [A. Andonian] divides the documents (p. 16) into two categories: documents that he (Naim) had written from memory, transcribe au fur et à mesure de Ses souvenirs.) [Text in french].

Copy of the secret ~~report~~, unedited, at (Bib. Nubar, Paris).

See over volume, Technical Analysis and Authenticity, unedited.

A prominent scholar wrote: „No need to rise any doubt about the authenticity of these "memoirs" although it is said that a part of (the documents) be written from memory“ (1)

(1) Hye asti Darakrootiun Kerman vare rakrenu hamemad, The Deportation of the Armenians according to German Documents, by Fr. Hagopos Dashiyan, vol. I, Vienna, Mekhitarist Press, Vienna¹⁹²¹, vol. I, p. 70, in footnote,

Evidence is clear that Naim Bey never "has written from memory," as it is said in the introduction ~~of~~ to the English ~~translation~~ Resume' Summary

Naim copied documents from available in the office where he was first secretary the originals, and delivered his handwritten copies to A. Andonian; the originals remaining in the office of Abdalahad Nur Bey, Deputy Chairman of the General Committee for the Settlement of Tribes and Deportees, Aleppo, Syria. Shucin Bey was the Chairman of the General committee for the Settlement of Tribes and Deportees in Aleppo. (xx) Naim began to ~~copy~~ ^{in booklet form} Nov. 6, 1918,

when the ~~other~~ other officials had already escaped from Aleppo prior to the occupation of the city by the British Army, on Oct. 26, 1918.

ON Nov. 10, 1918 Naim copied other documents from the original ^{in booklet form} and delivered them to A. Andonian at Baron Hotel, and received an amount of money made available by O. Marzouq.

ON Nov. 14, 1918, Naim asked A. Andonian to ~~intervene~~ petition Onnig Mazlumian, owner and director of Baron Hotel, for money. A. Andonian urged him to bring the originals of the documents.

Naim brought ~~the~~ from office the originals. (1)

1 - See ^{the} first page of the booklets of Naim, confidential note of Aram Andonian in Armenian Language.

Abdulahad Nur Bey was the personal
secretary of Tafazzat Bey, Min. of Int.
of Syria.
A. Andonian
H. S.
T. C. No 3540, p. (1)

owner and director
of Baron Hotel

1 -
Draconis.

Original

Evidence is clear that Naine Bey never "wrote from memory" the documents; ^{he delivered to A. Andonian} ~~he copied from the original.~~

He certainly copied exactly ^{and} and carefully from the original documents available to him in the Office of the Deputy Chairman of the Committee General for the Settlement of Deportees at Aleppo, Syria; He was the chief secretary in the same office, and the documents were available to him as all other officers had escaped when British Army reached Aleppo

Oct. 26, 1918 -
Sept

İSKÂN-ı ASAYIR VE MUHACİRİN MÜDÜRIYETİ
UMUMİ MUAVİNİ

When the British army occupied Aleppo, the Turkish functionaries, excluding Naim Bey who had not ordered depo massacres fled. Naim Bey, who had not protected many ~~Armenians~~ Armenians, remained in office, but ~~was~~ soon ~~pressed~~ needed funds since his salary was no longer arriving. Approached by Aram Andonian, Naim Bey agreed to ~~copy~~ make copies of original documents pertaining to the deportations and massacres which were in the Aleppo offices of the Deportation Commission, for which he was to be compensated. Naim Bey received payment for several groups of copies, but eventually Aram Andonian demanded original documents. Naim Bey complied, delivering a ~~tot~~ number of such documents which he removed from the ^{Deportation} government offices.

Naim was the chief Secretary of Abdülahad Nuri Bey, Special delegate of Talaaq, with title of Deputy-chairman of the General Committee for the Settlement of Tribes and deportees, in Aleppo, Syria.
The Chief of the general committee was in office ~~being~~ in the Capital.

The Chief office of the General Committee was in Constantinople and the supervisor general was Chukri Bey.

A comparison of Naim Bey's copies with extant originals reveals a high degree of accuracy, indicating that his ~~where~~ originals no longer can be found indicating his reliability.

ORIGINAL

as it was decoded in the office of the Gov. Gen.

39

رَبِّهِ نَفْلَةٌ حَمْدَهُ سَهَا | يَوْمَكُنْ نَابِيَّهُ دَمْهَا
نَدْرَلَهُ شَهَادَهُ مَنْتَهُ حَمْدَهُ

سی هزاره لغوس دلوره حقنه ای ای ای او ط شیخ اول روانه
می خدند خادمه و حی عقده بید می خشیب برو ببه می از مردیه
می خونه ای ای ای او ط شیخ اول روانه

فیصلہ کے مطابق
کوئی نہیں

42 151-152

- 429 -

and delivered to the office of the Deputy Chairman for the Settlement of Tribes & Depasches of the General Committee, in Aleppo, Syria.

20

C O P Y

(~~written~~
~~copied~~
made
by Naim)

(omitted; Marginal Note).

Naim omitted the term " Celilesinin,
honorable , this term is not important is not
in the text

Copy of the same original
handwriting by Naim Bey , First chief
Secretary in the office of the
Deputy Chairman of the General Committee,
Aleppo, Syria. manuscript booklet
of Naim , p.7.

مَوْلَانَا مُحَمَّدُ نَعِيمُ بْنُ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ الْأَفْسَادِيِّ
الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ
الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ
الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ
الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ
الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ الْمَهْرَاجَانِيِّ

original

Dahiliye Nezareti
Celilesinin 3 Eylül
331 tarih ve 502
Numarali Sifreli
telgrafnamesi
suretidir.

copied by Naim

Dahiliye Nezaretinin
3 Eylül 331 ve
502 numarali
Sifreli telgraf-
namesi suretidir.

TRANSLATION

Copy of the coded
telegram dispatched
by the Hon. Ministry
of Internal Affairs
No.502, dated
September 3, 1915.

Eğhəsl malüme
nüfusu zükuru
hakkında icrası
evvelce teblig
olunan məame-
lenin Kadın ve
çocuklarına da
teşmili, bu bapta
memurəni mütem-
mimə istihdam
təvsiye olunur.

Dahiliye Nazırı;
Talat.

Jandarma
Kumandanlığı

Eğhəsl malüme
nöfusu zükuru
hakkında icrası
evvelce teblig
olunan məame-
lenin Kadın ve
çocuklarına da
Teşmili, bu bapta
memurəni mütem-
mimə istihdam
təvsiye olunur.

We recommend to
you that operations
we had ordered you
to carry out on the
men of persons known
be applied also to
the women and
children, and
appoint reliable
officials for this.

Minister of Int.Affairs,
Talaat.

(omitted)

Have you seen the
Commander of the

Put here photo,

1 - original p 38

2 - copy by Naim. p 6.20

(2)

görüşünüz miydi? Gen
Abdullahat Nuri Bey'e;
5 min lira.
Vali;
Mustafa Abdülhalik,

Gendarmerie?
To Abdullahat Nuri Bey,
5 carreets.
Governor General,
Mustafa Abdülhalik.

Naim Bey made no comment as the order
clear enough to be understood,
issued by the Minister was: annihilate first of
all men; the same ^{order of} ~~same~~ ^{carried out} termination must be applied
^{on} to women and children.

Transliteration of the ^{letter} ^{Transcription}
The first column in the modern Turkish text
is the one original one. The next column in
the modern Turkish text is the one copied
by Naim Bey, Secretary in the Office, Aleppo.
Comparison ^{made} between two texts ^{shows} demonstrates clearly and accurately
whether or not Naim Bey had been correct in
copying the Turkish official documents.

1- Ap; 151, photo p 154,
EP; 54.
FP; 107.
TP; 6 and 38, original and Naim's
manuscript, Bibliothèque Musbar, Paris.

تلنر افنا

مکالمہ

Kapatılmak

minassian

Kapatmak

745-3187-

Kapattırmak

Kapalıñýarak

Halep Vilâyetine

Numara 1181

كَافِلَةً

مَنْسَانِي

Tarihi 16 Eylül 331.

Numerals and corresponding respective syllabes or letters in Turkish Osmanli

Türkiye	de	X	mevcut	/	bilumum	/	Ermeni	le	r	i	X	/
330	75		386		317		430	198	123	119		
kX	a	m	i	l	en	/	ifna	la	r	i		
193	148	176	111	46	227		354	198	123	112		
Cemiyet	in	E	m	r	i y	le	hükümet	c				
419	119	148	176	123	111	46	461					117
e	te	ka	rr	ur								
189	193	152	123	123	etmiş	olduğu	evvelce	tebliğ				
olunmuştu	b	157	u	115	e	148	m	ir	ka	r		
ra	/ mümamaat	edenler	/ devlet	in	/ he	ye						
189	716		318	119	119	111						
ti	r	es	m	i	ye	siy	le	a	165	1	198	
191	123	124	176	114	189	812	46					
a	k	ा	d	148	123		elamazlar.					
148	152	189	149									

k	148.	149	111	142	/	121	115	117	152	+	
176	165	198	115	198		149	81	149	115	163	
115	147	198	176	81		123	119	149	148	157	
ye	yek	imha	sina	ne	/	ka	da	123	fe	ca	
157	111	325	34	147	152	149	124	114	147		
111	165	148	198	115	123	124	189	olser			
115	117	149	148	147	111	199	121	198	123		

Postahane Numarası 1181

16 Eylül 331

Halep Vilâyetine

Türkiyede mevcut
bilimum Ermenilerin tamam-
ıyla mahv ve ^{fn} inkâhalare
Cemiyetin emriyle Hükümetin
teharrur etmiş olduğu
evvelcede tebliğ edilmiştir.
Bu emir ve karara
münâmaat edenler devletin
hayat-ı ~~azâ~~ resmîyesiyle
alâkâdar olamazlar. Kadın,
çocuk, malül diye düşü-
nülmayerek yer imhasına
ne kadar ~~reski~~ olursa olsun
vidanın hisselerin kapı-
layarak mervâdeyetlerine
son verilecektir.

Dâhilîye Naziri
Tâlât.

AP 208 , photo p. 217
EP 64 , missing
FP 145 p. 46

No 1181, of Post office.

September 16, 1915.

To the Government of Aleppo.

Previously it was commu-
nicated to you that the Government, by order of the Committee
[Union and Progress Party K] had decided to destroy
and annihilate all the
Armenians ^{liking} in Turkey.
Those who oppose this
order and decision can
^{no more} not remain on the
official staff of the State.
An end must be put
to their existence whatever
atrocities the measures taken
may be, and no regard must
be paid to either women
and children, nor to the
feelings of conscience.

Minister of Internal Affairs
Talaat.

It was also previously communicated
to you that, by order of the Com-
mittee, the Govt had decided to
destroy and exterminate
all the Armenians living
in Turkey.

Original

This coded telegram arrived from Consul to the Telegraph office in Aleppo. The latter delivered to the So Mustafa Ab.H Bey, Govt Gen. of Aleppo and brother in law of Talaat Bey.
With When the ^{tele} Ciphers were delivered, it was only contained only the ciphers. ^{or numbers} In the Govt Office decoded it [↑] in accordance with the key of ^{the numerical code by the recipient} On each ciphered numeral was put the corresponding character, or letter ^{in syllabes} in Turkish Osmaeli, or merely if it was decoded, as it is shown on the photo-station reproduction

between the lines of numbers if the as the interlineal space is sufficient

To the Government of Aleppo:

It was first communicated to you that the Govt. had decided by order of the Committee (Jezaret) to completely destroy all Greeks living in Turkey.

Those who oppose this order and decision cannot remain on the official staff of the State.

You must put an end to their existence, however tragic the measures taken for their extermination may be, you must stifle all feelings of conscience with discrimination as to women and children too young to walk.

Sept. 14, 1915,
Min. of Int. Af. Talaat,

Ap. 208, Ep. 64, FP 145,
Photo Ap. 217, FP. 146, TP. original

Բ Ն Ա Գ Ի Ր

Արքոյ

Ներքին գործերու նախարար Թալէաթ ~~Փաշայի~~
15 ~~Ակուր~~ 1918 թուակիր ԾԱԾԿԱԳԻՐ ՀԵՌԱԳՐԻՆ:

Տողերու միջեւ, իւրաքանչիւր թուանշանի
վերեւ, դրուած է ծածկադրի լուծումը կամ
վերծանումը, այսինքն՝ ~~թ~~ ծածկադրի թուանշանին
համապատասխանող էիրը կամ վանկը կամ բառը:

Այս հեռագրով ներքին գործերու նախարարը
կը հաղորդէ Հալէպի նահանգի կառավարից Մուս-
թաֆա Ապտիւլ Խալիլ Պէյի, Թուրք ^{կի-րիշակի} կառավարու-
թեան վերջնական որոշումը Թուրքիոյ Հայերը
արմատապէս բնաջնջելու: Թուրք կառավարութեան
այս որոշումին հակառակող ները չեն կը նար մաս
կազմել Թուրք Պետութեան:

Այս ծածկադրի հեռագրի բնագիրը 14 նո-
յեմբեր 1918 ին Հալէպի մէջ Գաղթականներու
Փոխ Տնօքէնութեան Գրասենեակի քարտուղար
Նայիմ Սէմա էմէնտի վերցուց եւ զայն ծախեց
Հալէպի մէջ Պարոն Պանդոկի տէր եւ տնօքէն
օննիկ Մազլումեանի:

Բարիզի Նուպարեան Մատենադարանէն Արամ

Անտոնեանվերեւի հեռագրի բնագիրը 1920 ին
ղրկեց Պոլիս Զաւէն Պատրիարք Եղիայեանի:

Հալէպի Մէջ Գաղթականներու Փոխ Տնօրէնութեա
Գրասենեակի Ընդհանուր Տնօրէն Ապտիւլ Ահատ
Ահատ Նուրի Պէյ Կը դատուէր Թուբք Պատերազմա-
կան Ատեանի առջեւ. իր յանցաւորութիւնը փաս-
տելու համար, վերեւի հեռագրի բնագիրը յանձ-
նուեցաւ Ատեանին եւ դրուեցաւ Ապտիւլ Ահատ
Նուրի Պէյի թղթածրարին մէջ:

Տես : "Թուշամատեան Մեծ Եղեռնի", Պէյըութ,
1965, էջ 237 եւ 288-285

HALEP VİLÂYETİNE

NUMARA 1181

TARIHI 16 EYLÜL 331

Ciphers and corresponding syllables or letters.

330 TÜRKİYE 75 DE 386 MEVCUT
317 BİLÜMÜM 430 ERMEÑI 198 LE
123 R 119 İN 193 K 148 A 176 M
111 I 46 L 327 EN 354 İFNA 198 LA
123 R 112 İ 419 CEMİYET 119 IN
148 E 176 M 123 R 111 İY 46 LE
461 HÜKÜMET 117 C 189 E 193 TE
152 KA 123 RR ~~A~~ 123 UR ETMİŞ OLDUĞU EV-
VELCE TEBLİG OLUNMUŞTU. 157 B 115 U
148 E 176 M 123 İR VE 152 KA 123 R
148 A 189 RA 716 MÜMANAAT EDENLER
318 DEVLET 119 İN 119 HE 111 YA 148 E 191 TI
123 R 124 ES 176 M 114 İ 189 YE
812 Siy 46 LE 165 A 198 L 148 A 152 K
189 A 149 D 148 A 123 R OLAMAZLAR.
152 K 148 A 149 D 111 I 147 N,
121 Ç 115 O 117 CU 152 K 176 M 165 A
198 L 115 Ü 198 L 149 D 81 İYE
149 D 115 Ü 163 S 115 Ü 147 NÖ 198 L
176 ME 81 YE 123 R 119 EK 149 TA
148 A 157 Bi - 157 YE 111 YER
325 İMHA 34 SINA 147 NE

TÜRKİYE DE MEVCUT
330 75 386

152KA 149DA 123R 114E 147C 111A
 165H 148-115O 198L 115U
 123R 124S 189A 0 L SUN IN
 115Vi 117C 149D 148A 147N 111
 199Hi 121S 198LE 123R 189E
 152K 148A 136Pi 198L 176M
 148A 81YA 123RA 152K 386 MEVCUD
 111 193YEF 198LE 123R 147in 189E SON
~~189~~ ~~117~~ 115V 111E 123R 111
 198AL 189E 117CE 119K 149Di 123R.

DAHILIYE NAZIRI,
 T A Z AT

³
380 45 Türkiyede 386 mevcut 317 bilimum
430 188 123 119 Ermenilerin 193 148 176
111 46 Kâmilən 327 mahvı ve 354 188
123 111 ifaları 419 119 Cemiyetin 148
176 123 111 460 emriyle 461 117 189
Hükümetin 193 152 123 123 tekrarlı
etmiş oldeğe evvelce tebliğ olunmuştu
157 115 60 148 176 123 emir ve
152 123 148 123 189 Kararlı
316 mümanast edeeler 318 119 dev-
letin 199 111 148 193 hayat
123 124 176 111 189 87 46 resmiye-
siyle 165 198 148 152 189 148
123 alâkadar olamazlar
152 148 149 111 147 KA DIN
121 115 117 152 Çocuk 176 165
198 115 198 malîe 149 81 diepe
149 115 163 115 147 198 176 81
123 119 Düşünmeyecek 149 148
157 tabiye x 111 123 yer 325 34
imhasına 147 ne 152 149 123 Kadar
114 117 111 165 feci 148 115 198 115
123 124 189 olursa olsun 115 117 149
148 147 111 vicdanlı 199 124 198 123
189 hislere 152 148 136 198 176 148
81 123 152 Kapılınayarak 386 mevcedi
yeterine 111 193 198 123 147 189 dieplerine
115 111 123 111 198 189 117 119 149
123 verilecektir.

Daliliye Nazırı
Fazilet

16 EY PÜBL 331

original

45

راخیہ نظر۔ صوبہ سندھ میں بولڈ نے ۱۹۴۷ء کو نہیں
سپورٹس لئن فر فارم کو حوتا ہے۔

اصل ملک میں بعید نہیں باقاعدہ اسی دنیا کو اور اسی طبقہ
کا خاتمہ اور فادیلہ بالقربیہ سُلطانیہ نہیں بلکہ
حضرت امام جعفر صدیق علیہ السلام
خطت

جعفر بن عیاش / صدر ائمۃ
فاطمہ

ORIGINAL

As it was decoded in the office of the
Governor General and communicated to the
DEPUTY-General of the Committee.

1. Turkey entered war Oct. 30, 1914.

copied
copy made by Beej Name

Copy of the original
handwriting of Naim, # first
Secretary in the office of the
Deputy General for the Settlement
of Tribes and Deportees.

original AP 153
223 ³⁷
bewi 40

Dahiliye Nezaretiinin
29 Eylül 331 tarih ve
537 numarale şifreli
telgrafnamesidir:

Ahali ve memurinde,
başlıklarının bir takim
Ermeni kadınlarıla
izdivac ettileri haber
almıyor.

Siddetle menile o
gibi kadınların bittefrik
sevkleri ehemmiyetle
tavsiye olunur.

Dahiliye Naziri,
Talat.

Marginal Note

Muhacirler Müraciyeti
Umumiyesi Muavinlerine.
3 minh.

Vaki

Mustafa Abdülhalik.

Coded Telegram of
the Ministry of Internal
Affairs No ³⁷ 537, Octo-
ber September 29, 1915.

We are informed
that certain (Moalem) men
and officials are marrying
Armenian women.

We strictly prohibit this
and urgently recommend
that such women be ~~taken~~
deported without exception.

Minister of Internal Affairs:

Talat.

(Margin Note)

To Deputy-Chairman
of the General Committee for
Deportations

3 ~~october~~ october.

Sor. General
Mustafa Abdülhalik.

1- Ap. 154

EP. 55

FP. 108.

TP. 9 x 36

Bibliothèque original and copy in
Bibliothèque Nubar, Paris



ORIGINAL

As it was decoded in the office

4

راضی اللہ عزیز اور مختار
و مختار اور نور دوں
نور دوں
نور دوں

روز بھر کے میں اسی ایسا ذمہ مفہوم اکٹھا کرنا بھرپور
نور دوں جو خوبی کی پیشہ کر رہا ہے اسی کو اسکے دوست
کبھی اچھا کر دے جو حکمرانی کی طرح حرام حکمرانی کی طرح اپنے تابی
غایبی کے لئے اپنے اولاد جنم کر رہا ہے نسبتیہ خوبی کی طرح سب سے بڑی
روز دوسرے روز خوبی کی طبقہ کو زد اچھا کر دوں۔
راضی اللہ عزیز
صحت

لیکن اسی کے بعد
اویس

of the Governor General Mustafa Abdulhalik
and communicated to Abdul Ahad Nuri
Deputy Chairman of the General Committee.

Copy made Copied made by
 by Naim, from the original
 chief secretary in the office
 of the Deputy-chairman.
 manuscript booklet sp.

رَاحِيْ تَقْدِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
 نَسْأَلُ مَنْ صَدَّقَ
 "رَوْرَنْجِي عَكْ نَفْعَهُ اَبَدَّا
 ١٨٤٤ نَزَدَوْ مَحْمُودَهُ اَبَدَّا
 اَسَارِيْ اَسَارِيْ اَسَارِيْ اَسَارِيْ
 بَلَقَمْ حَلَّمْ حَلَّمْ حَلَّمْ حَلَّمْ
 اَسَيْهُ اَسَيْهُ اَسَيْهُ اَسَيْهُ
 زَدَ - زَدَ - زَدَ -

Naim

Dahiliye Nezareti
Celikkesinin 3 Tigrinewl 331
taizli ve 544 numarali
sifri telgrafnamesinin
sureti hallidir.

The decoding of the
coded telegram of the Hon.^{ble} Minister
of Int. Affairs No. 544,
dated October 3,
1915.

Zor Sancaginin min
taka-i iskan ittihazindan
maksat envelce 2 Eysul
331 tarih ve 1843 Nama
rade mahrem Tahrirable
izah edilmiştür.

Esnai rahta eshase
malüme hakflarinda
ahalinin icra edecekleri
bilimum seraiue huku-
metin takip ettiğe
gayanin istihsalim temin
etmisi olacagindan,
bu bapta takibati
Kanuniye icrasina
mahal yoktur.

Zor ve Urfa
mutasarrifligina tebli-

The reason why the
district of Zor was
chosen as a place of
settlement was explained
by the confidential
communications No. 1843,
dated September 2, 1915.

As all the crimes
to be committed by the
population against the
persons known will serve
to reach the ultimate
goals of the Government;
there is no need for
legal proceeding with
regard to these (crimes.)

The necessary ins-
tructions were also

gâte lâzime icra
olunmustur.

Dahiliye Naziri,
Talâk.

3 Teqrinievvel 331.

communicated to the govern-
ments of Zor and Urfa.

Minister of Internal Affairs,
Talaat.

October 3, 1915.

Muhacirin Müdüri-
yeti Ünûmîyesi Mu-
vinlerine;
Vali,
Mustafa Abdülhalik.

[Marginal Note].
to the Deputy-Chairman
of the General Committee
for Deportations.
The Governor General,
Mustafa Abdulhalik.

put here the comment of NAIM
See next.

1. AP. 203, Photo, p. 209
EP. 63, " missing
FP. 141-142 " p. 143

The original of this telegram was taken by Haim Bey, Secretary in the Office for Deportations at Aleppo, on Nov. 14, 1918, and sold to Onnig Mazlumian, Director & owner of the Baron Hotel in Aleppo, Syria. Now in Bib. Nubar, Paris.

Copied by Naim

Dahiliye Nezareti'nin
3 Temmuz 1843 tarih
ve 5-44 numaralı şif-
reli telegrafnamesi söyle-
dir:

"Zor Saneağzının
mintaka-l iskân ittiha-
zindan maksat evvelce

2 Eylül 1843 tarih ve 1843
numaralı mahrem Tahri-
ratla ~~a~~ izah edilmiştir.

Esna-i rahta eshas-
malüme haklarin~~da~~ ah-
linin icra edecekleri
bilamum ceraiim hükümetin
takip etiği gaffenin
istibsalini temin etmiş
olacağından, be bapta
~~t~~akibat-ı Kanuniye icra-
sına mahal yoktur, Zor
ve Urfa Mutsarrifligine
tebliğat lâzîme icra olun-
mustur.".

He did not copy the marginal
Note.

Comment of Narin

The camp where the deportees were gathered together in the dreary heights of Karlik, was distant twenty minutes walk from Aleppo. From here the deportees were driven to the desert. The lives of the Armenians there depended on the caprice of a police sergeant or a deportation official.

Anyhow, there was no hope for life for any one who went one step beyond Aleppo. The entire road along from Karlik to Der Zor was one track of misery - a graveyard.

The officials in charge had been ordered not to abstain from any brutality which might cause death.

[Coded telegram from The Min. of Int. Af:]

We hear that certain officials have been brought before a Court Martial accused of extortion and severity towards known persons.

Even though this way may be a more formality, it may serve to weaken the efforts of the officials. For this reason I command you not to allow such examination.

Min. of Int. Af; Talaat -> 1.



٤٦٠

دُخْلَهُ الْفَرِنْسَهُ | بَرْهَ اُولَئِكَ نَارِيَهُ وَ ٩٢٢هـ فِرْدُوْسِيَهُ عَلِيٰ
تَقْرِيْبًا مَذَرِّجَهُ بَشَرَهُ بَشَرَهُ

١٤٣٢هـ نَارِيَهُ وَ ٩٢٢هـ فِرْدُوْسِيَهُ فِرْدُوْسِيَهُ وَ رَكْنَهُ جَعْفَرَهُ
قَدَرْ تَبَاعَ دَيْنَافَ

حُصْنَهُ

سَهْلَهُ

جَعْفَرَهُ دَرْغَمَهُ بَشَرَهُ

دَفْنَهُ

حُصْنَهُ

٦٢ ٢٢٣

Dahiliye Nezareti'ni'n
12 Tesrinievel 331
tarib ve 563 numaralı
telgrafnamesi
suretidir.

25 Eylül 331 tarib
ve 1923 numaralı
mahrem ~~tel grafi name~~^{tahriratla},
~~ile~~ istenilen evrak^{ALN}
bir hafṭaya kadar
tanzim ve işari,

Dahiliye Naziri,
Talat,

copy of the
code telegram des-
patched by the Min. of
Int. Affairs October
12, 1915 and No.
563.

Prepare and send
within a week
the ~~papers~~ ^{for de-}
manded by confidential
coded telegrams
No 1923 dated
Sept. 25, 1915,
Min. of Int. af;
Talat.

Marginal Note: Seal:

~~İskan Asayı ve~~
Umumiyeti Mülhaçırın, ^{Müdüriyet} Mevkii.
ligeine

13 Minde

Vali:

Mustafa Abdülhalik

Marginal Note: Ask
to the Deputy-chairman
of the Gen. Committee
for the Settlement of disputes,
Oct. 13, 1915.

Vali
M. Abdülhalik



Original
of the coded telegram of Talaat Bey
as it was decoded in the office of Mustafa A.B. duhalek
Governor General of Aleppo and delivered to H. Sulah-ad

444

راخیہ نظرِ حجہ سیدا امیر سیدی احمد ناصری و مولانا محمد رضا
سیدی نعیف سید صوہنی -

سون، سوره الموزع داده اند، از خدمت ولا تذرخ سوچه او را فرب
آنی زده این بند بند و فقی حبیه که برزق راهه استخواه میگیرد اطفاله اند
ظاهر من میگیرد طفده اول رامه، خدمتی لغه غول ایله دهی استخبار دلخوبی
ولا تایخ داشته دیگر چو خبده خدیده رسیده رس خاطره ایها خبر نداشت
ای امیری ماهانی یه صد - من ای پسر برا به و خدایی لازم ده در بود فرش
نیزه بنیع او را فرب

- 180 -

NURI, DEPUTY CHAIRMAN of the General Committee for the Settlement of Tribes and Deportees, Aleppo, Syria.

celibacy is now omitted

20

22

۱۰۲ - ۲۲۱ - پرندگان ایرانی
۷

سازهای تند از این مکان صورت نمود .
«موس»، مادر البرز، دنای برز
درست بزرگ شده ادلو نوب انسانی را خوده ایجاد نمی
دانست . حیله برز خلاصه میخواهد این افضلانک
ظاهری میباشد که از درجه طفندگی اولارنگ ، خد نمایانه
قول ایلدوی آنها - ادلو نوب - .
ولاستیز را خندگ تپی همچویان
ضولیزند برگرداند مناخ اسطانی برز اغامدی
داهدی - صو - مسامیه اسله برباب و صایای لازمه ده
برلو نوب نسبیت نداشته ادلو نوب - .

The same copied by Naim from
the original and delivered to
Armen Andonian, in Aleppo, Syria, November 1918
manuscript booklet p. 6

AP: 180
FP: 128
EP: 59-60

original

Copy Naim photo: See p. (1)
6-(20)

Dahiliye Nezareti
Celilesinin 5 Təşrinisani 331
tarib ve 603 numaralı
Sifreli telgrafnamesi
severidir.

Copy of the coded telegram
[N] dispatched by the Ministry of
Internal Affairs No. 603,
dated November 5,
1915.

Sivas, Mamuret-ul-Aziz,
Diyarbekir, Erzurum vələ
yetlerinden sevkolensər
esnə-i rahta ebeveynlerinin
vefate həsbiyle kimsesiz
kalan eghasə maleimə etfə-
linin bir təkim Müslüman
ailelər tarafindan evlət-
ləğə, hizmetkar ləğə kabul
edil diğəri istihbar olunuyor.
Vilayetiniz dahilinde bù gibi
göçükərin toplatılarak
menatiki istənişlərinə
izamları və ahaligə severi
munasibə ilə bu bapta
Nesaya-i Pâzimedə bulu-
nulmaz təmiminə təbliğ
olunur.

Dahiliye Naziri: Talat.

Muhacirin Mədəriyyətin Umumiye
Muavinlərinə. 7 minhə

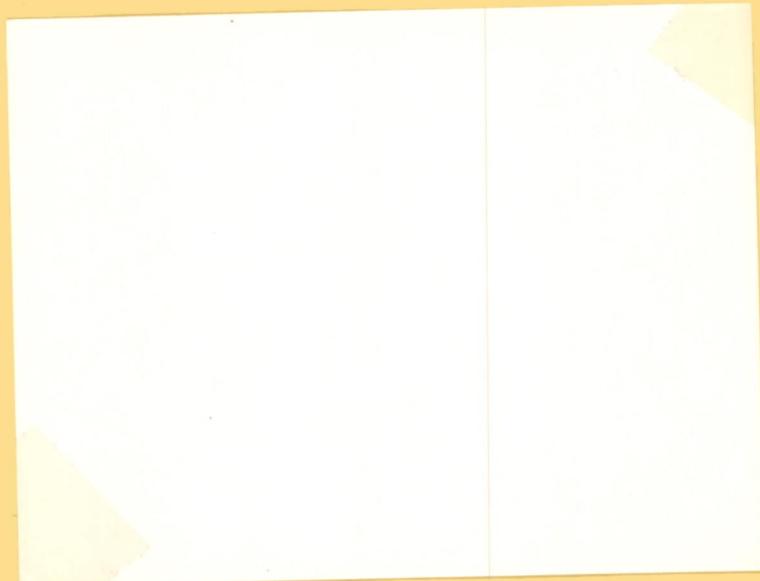
Vali: Mustafa Abdülhalik
(n. 2)

We are informed that
the children belonging to the
well known persons
~~Armenians~~ deported from the
provinces of ~~Sivas, Mamuret-ul-Aziz, Diar-~~
~~bekir, (as their parents died)~~
are adopted by certain
Moslem families and
received as servants
where they are left alone
through death of their parents.
We recommend you to col-
lect all such children
in your province and send
them to the place of depo-
tation, and also give
necessary orders regarding
this to the people:

Min. of Int. Affairs: Talaat.

To the Deputy Chairman of the
General Committee for the Settlement
of deportees. 7 current.
Gov. Gen: Mustafa Abdul halik

The same copy by Naim: p. 6.
part 1 - copy of Naim photo
original



(1) دیجیتال حبیت مکانیزم ناگای تغیرات

نہیں ملے مردیں (2)

(3) سنه ميلاده امرانيه فرسو رو بري خرده سنه ميلاده سرفانه همچو هر چنان خفته و نفاد معمتو باشد:

(4) ادویه دارند حتماً مرضت اد کردنی، سرف خدمت مردم و سود سنت این دو فرم بزرگ نوشته

(5) سنداد اولویت دارم: نه سرتنت آن و فایل هم اخراج این سند را نمی‌نمایم

(۶) وَأَنْتَ أَيُّهَا الْحَسَنَةِ حَمَدٌ لِهِ شَهْرٌ وَفَصَلٌ لِرَوْهٍ وَسَرْكَزٌ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ مُجْدٌ

(7) حد نیز بنت احمد است - ملکه شیرازی و مادر شاهزاده عباس شیرازی

۱۰۷- ملکه خانم خوشبختی از این سری در سال ۱۳۴۵ میلادی در سن ۲۶ سالگی درگذشت.

(8) نئے رہبے مصروف اپنے بیوی حمایت کو لیں۔ جو کہ علیحدہ تر رہے۔ اگر ان بے اپنے

(٩) «اضر» نطقه ذهنیه از زمین بولانیچه جمهوری تبار معلوم است مناسب بکار راه بیان و نظر خود

۱) ایک ایجنسی نے دی دنیا سے نئے پسروں کو دیونہ ہر دن نو دینی، جنہیں بنیتی امداد۔

۶۷۲ - میتوانند از آنهاست: خوب است که نزدیک شود

(11) نهاده کن یا بیشتر همچویه ای داشته باشد.
(12) پایه سرمه علیه فضفندی را در خود برگزدیده بینه افتاده باشد.

(14) *بروزن* *پروردگار* *و تضییغ* *وقتی*

(15) رَبِّيْنَ مُتَّهِمَةَ مُجْرِيَّةَ سَارِقَةَ دُوَّهٍ فَسَهْلَهُ حَاجِيَّهُ دُلْدُلَهُ

(16) میں کوئی بھائی نہیں اور میرے بھائیوں کوئی بھائی نہیں۔

(17) سرین و میزگردی داشته باشد
(18) نیز درست
(19) نیز درست

(19) ربیع (18)

(21) *شیخ زید بن سعید* (22)

" (23)

(25°F) 100

(24)

Table 1. Summary of the results of the study of the effect of the addition of organic acids on the properties of the polyacrylate polymer.



عهد زنگی بستان ریشه دولتی رخواسته امده چشمکه چلوه
ایخون بر عادتله هر سهی آلمه اولان ارمی علیرینه ایه از دخودی
ایس آندر که اطمینان نهاد بقدر مقدار حاصل خواسته
امده بر اتفاق مقدار ایدی . حال خوش و مولتی بر این دختن
بو عنده مقدار به تهدیک رسان متقاضی حاصل اینمه دلکه لبند نه
صادر در حسن صدیق خالید . - هه بوندیل بونه موجود دنیادی
خانم در پسران ذکار ره ای مده نامه بر اینکه زحول
رجو چالشیدی و بولایاده ایکام ایلو زخم مامور شدی
بغایی ایتھی ایمه بردیه ای با بجهت دعفته ای طنز
رقت ایمیں ایکمیه نویه ایلو نو . راضیه ظری

بور بکران قوییدی ، مدر ریمه دند اور ایه خفیه سک
ایسنه ایدی . فیله همه ، تیه باتمه بیغ را ای
بر این دفعه .

حسب دلانتی

۶۹۱
اور ارده ای رکیج و دلایانه که ای مذکیه نه ای بر خفه ایمه
راضیه ظری
طمع

۶۹۲
ای کری .) یی لیمیه لی . ۱۹۱۵

Numar+

Numara 691.

Halep Vilayetine;

Oralarda ele gezeichnet
Partiye Ermenilericus)
tedabiri hafize ele
imhalase.

23 Temmuz Sami 331.

Dahiliye Nazirice
Talat.

No. 691.

To the Govt of Aleppo,

Destroy ^{in a} Secretly
Proceedees of the
Eastern province,
who pass into your
Raeds There.

Nov. 23, 1915.
Min. of Int. Af:
Talaat I

Committee of Nine;

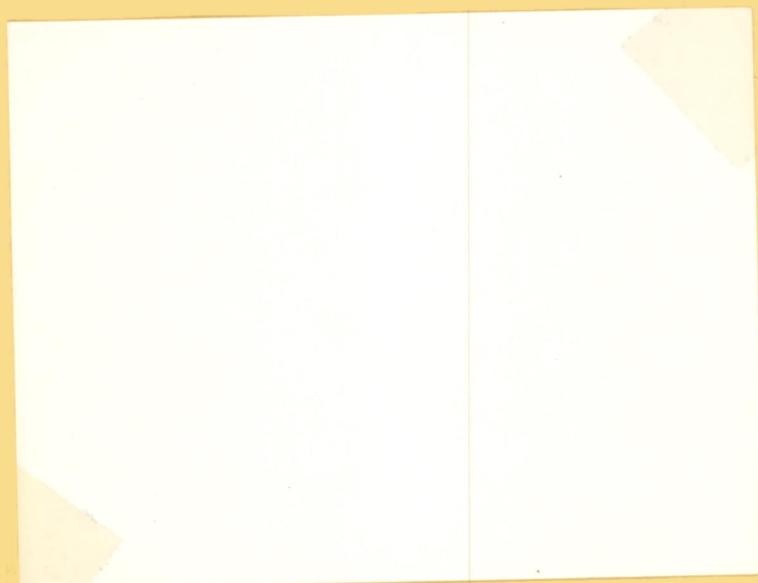
Bu telgraf üzerine
polis dairesi tarafından
derhal takkikat icra
olunarak, bu gibiler
mahfuzen serviyate
umumiyece ittilba
ve yollarda her biri
birer sevette ittifaf
ettiltilmiş tir,

Committee of Nine;

In accordance with
the telegram, the
Director of Police in
~~Aleppo~~ immediately
investigated and ar-
rested ~~these~~ ^{those} who
were named in the
telegram. They were
delivered to the
Office of the Gen. Com-
mittee for Deportation,
it is certain they were
killed ~~outside of Aleppo~~
on highways eachone
in a manner.

1 AP. 155, EP. 55, FP. 11, TP. 20

2 AP. " missing TP. 20,



Numara 723.

Halep Vilayetine;
 Mükaddemâ tehcirde
 Halep Mintaka-i iskân
 edilen Ermenilerin bila-
 ifatî zaman menâtke
 iskâniye lerine sevk ile
 im bası.

3 Kânunuevvel 331.

Dâhilîye Nazırı,
 Talât.

Comment of Naim:

Bidayeti tehcirde
 Halep Mintaka-i iskân
 oldeğündan civar
 köy lere bir çok muhaçir
 yerleştirilmiş ve bu
 Zavalle muhaçirler
 artik kurtuluşlare
 imidiyle iskân olenduk-
 lare yerlerde, calısmaya
 başlamışlardı. Bu
 telgraf üzerine etrafı

No. 723.

To The Government of Aleppo:

First drive Arme-
 nians settled in the neigh-
 borhood of Aleppo, without
 delay to their place of depor-
 tation, and report ^{the results} concer-
 ning this.

December 3, 1915.

Minister of Internal Affairs;

Talaat.

Comment of Naim:

At the beginning of the
 deportations, at least,
 the villages around Aleppo
 were appointed dwelling-
 places for Greeks.

Many Greeks were
 settled in these villages.
 Many of them had begun
 to work. On receipt
 of this telegram, mostly
 mounted gendarmes

Savasi 158 - Naim
eksesler jandarmalar,
çikararak, bin türkii
taaddiyat ile köylerden
ihraç ve bir göklere
itlaf edilmişlerdir.

p 3 (21)

were sent across to the
environs of Aleppo to turn
them out of the villages
by means of many cruelties,
driving them towards Mes-
tene, where most of them
were exterminated.

1- Ap. 51, 81, 89.
FP; 63, TP. 21

پونداخ اوز زینه بولیس راز بک حرفه داری نهضتیه
اچ ادویه رحه بولید مهره سو فیلم گاهه ب انجام دیوار ده

هدرس بر صورش از رف اند پرید -

صب دلخیز

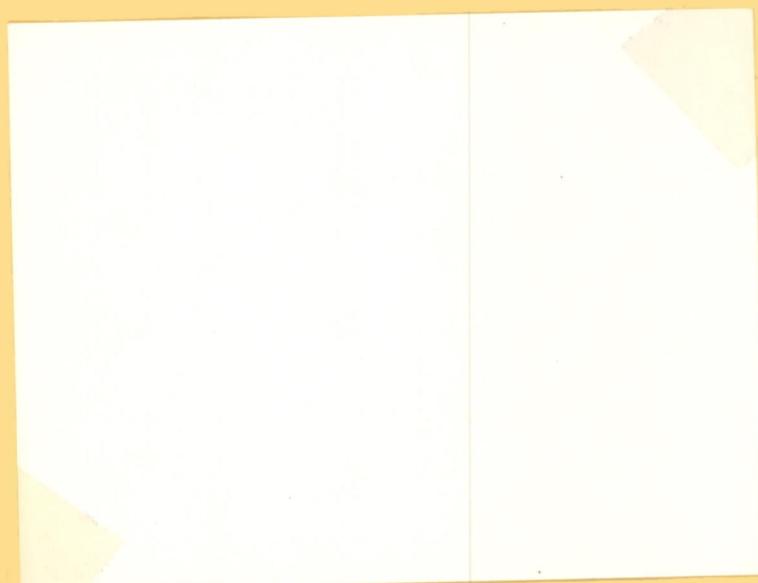
۷۲۲

مقد صب خواسته ایمه ایمه
خوبیه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه
ار مدلک برا فانه ایمه ایمه ایمه
را خدیه طار
صبا

۷۲۱

انیمه

ب ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه
مع بیکار دم صب خفته ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه
مع خوبیه دیوار دلی می جر ایمه خود نزد خدی مدلک
مع خوبیه دیوار دلی می جر ایمه خود نزد خدی مدلک
ایمه ادویه خدی پرده خانه - پلک مدلکی - پونداخ
ادز زینه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه ایمه
ریلو نقد بایله کوییده ایمه ایمه دیوار خدی از رف اند پرید



1
L 24-25

Numara 762,

Cevap 17 Kanunsevvel 331,
Sevkıyatı umumiyedeki
kurtulmak fikrile
kabulu İslamiyet
etmek istiyen Ermenilere
menatıktı iskânı yelerinde
ihtida etmeleri lüzumunun
tebliği.

17 Kanunsevvel 331,
Dahiliye Nazırı,
Talâh.

Comment by Nâsim

Sevkîyeti kesbi siddet
etdiği her tarafa her
gün birbirince rafiyat
haberi geldiği sirada,
begeri İslâm oluruz
da kulturuluğ dla
bazı zarallalar müraqaat
etmişlerdi, bir ikisinin
de İslâmiyeti kabul
edilmisti, tevalî edince
Nezaretter istizan edildi,
bu cevap geldi;

No. 762,

To Court of Aleppo
Reply to telegram Dec.
2, 1915,

Instruct those Armenians
who wish to ~~leave~~ ^{ve} themselves
from the general
deportation by becoming Moslems
that must necessarily become
Muslim in their place of exile.

Dec. 17, 1915

Min. of Int. Af. Talaat.

Nâsim's comment

accepting Moslem religion

Numara 801,

Halep Vilayetinde
Bilimumum missesat,
simendifer if let me ve
insaat amurunda
müstahdeen Ermenilerin
de menatikl ıskanıye-
lerine sevkleri takarre
etmiş ve bu bapta
Harbiye Nazareti Celile-
inden Ordu Kumandan-
lığına tebliğat
icra olsunmusdur. Heti-
cesinin in bası.

26 Kanunvervel 331,
Dahiliye Naziri,
Talaat.

No. 801.

To the Govt of Aleppo:
It has been decided that
all Armenians working on
the railroad or any other
construction site shall
be sent to their place of
deportation. The War
Office has given notice
of this to the Commanders
of the Army.
Report results.

Dec. 26, 1915,
Mimof. Int. Af;
Talaat. 1

Naim's Comments

Ap. 58. Ep. 29-30, Fp. 49.

حصہ دلائی

حصہ علاقہ
حصہ فوجی
۷۴۵
بعض امنی غیر نمائشی اور ازدھارہ دولتی رکھے ہیں
مکانی - قلعہ غافل و اوراد نیکم و یونہر اور مانہ اور لامہ
فونہ سنه نو دیوبیع اسید صدی سو بیجیہ اول لقپہ تو بی
اٹھیں مفہومیہ دو دستہ کو اصلی | ۱۱ بونہ اور لامہ
را فیض سماں

لَهُمْ لِبَانَى لَهُمْ صَبَقَتْ لَهُمْ مَأْوَى وَلَهُمْ أَنْجَمَتْ
لَهُمْ حَوْلَهُمْ مَوْسِى وَلَهُمْ أَنْجَمَتْ لَهُمْ حَوْلَهُمْ بَرْزَانَهُ
لَهُمْ فَوْزَانَهُمْ أَنْجَمَتْ لَهُمْ حَوْلَهُمْ بَرْزَانَهُ
لَهُمْ نَارَهُمْ أَنْجَمَتْ لَهُمْ حَوْلَهُمْ بَرْزَانَهُ

دلاعه

٧٢٢
جـ ١٤ - ١٥ مـ ١٦ مـ ١٧ مـ ١٨ مـ ١٩
فـ ٢٠ مـ ٢١ مـ ٢٢ مـ ٢٣ مـ ٢٤ مـ ٢٥
مـ ٢٦ مـ ٢٧ مـ ٢٨ مـ ٢٩ مـ ٣٠ مـ ٣١



Naim p 6,

Namara 801.

Halep Vilayetine

Bilumum müessesat,
simendiler işletme ve
insaat amarunda müstah-
dem Ermenilerin de
menatikl iskâniyelerine
sevkleri tekrarür etmiş
ve bu başta Harbiye
Nezareti Çekilesinden
Ordu Kumandanlıklarına
tebliğat icra olunmuştur.
Neticesinin inbase:

26 Kanunuevvel 331.

Dahiliye Nazare;
Talât.

No. 801.

To the Government of Aleppo.

It has been decided
that all Greeks working
on the railroad or any
other construction site
shall be driven to their
place of deportation. The Ho-
War Office has given no
tice to the Commanders
of the Army.

Report resists.

Dec. 26, 1915.

Minister of Interior;
Talaat, I

Comment of Naim

Gerek inşaatta, gerek
işletme kumpanyasında
merkez memurının ekserisi
Ermeniydi. Hükümet

Comment of Naim;

The majority of employees
both in constructions and
in workers company
were Greeks.

güya bünlarin mevceet
etmelerinden korkarak
bu emr-i verdi.

Bunun üzerine hat
komiseri Hayri Beyin,
gerek Cemal Pasanın büyük
insaniyetleri olmuştur.
Mamafih Talat Pasanın
haksızlığını itiraf etme-
lidir. Bütün şe'madefer
memurları + Ermeni
olduğu ve Ermeniler
hakkında bu kadar
mezalim icra edildiği
halde dört - beş senen
devam eden Seferberlik
esnasında bu adamlar
kemali sadakatla çalış-
maktan başka bir şey
yapmamışlar, hattın
hic bir tarafında bir
hadise işitilmemiştir.

^{being}
The government was
anxious of their presence
gave the above order.

Both the railroad com-
missioner Hayri Bey, and
General Pasha showed
great kindness with regard
to this. However, the
injustice of Talaat Pasha
is demonstrated by the
fact, as Greeks had
been treated brutally
during the four or five
years of the war; neverthe-
less they had all worked
faithfully the entire
time. Nowhere,
on the line was
there any accident
caused through
their negligence.!

1- Ap: 58; Ep: 28-30, Fp. 49

TP: photo (Nâîee)

2- Ap: 58; Ep: 30, FP: 49,

TP: photo (Nâîee)

سو فیلاند کب شمه ایندیه ، هر طنده هکنونه بکدرم
و خیاه خری احمدیه حرم ده بجه اسلام ادولورز ده
خورنولورز دیه سعده زوالیه مراحته اتمیده .
برایسته ده اسلامی قول ایندیه . توای ایندیج تھار
امندیه ایندیه . بجه ایندیه .

حرب ولایت

۸۱
لهم مو سماه ، سند در ایندیه و انسانه احمد ندیه
باهم ایندیه . مناطقه ایاندیه برینه مو تدری تقدی ایندیه
منندیم . - میدری ده مناطقه ایاندیه برینه مو تدری تقدی ایندیه
و بوبایدیه خوبیه تھار . خوبیه ایاندیه خوبیه ایاندیه
اصا ادولورزه . بجه انسانه ایاندیه خوبیه ایاندیه

~~کرک انسانه ، کرک ایندیه قیمت ندیه صعود~~
کرک انسانه ، کرک ایندیه قیمت ندیه . حکومت لور
لوریه ما خوشیه آلدیسی ایندی ایندی .
بوندک اهانت ایندیزه خورتک رهه بواری وردی
بوندک اوزرینه خف خورتک لوریه بوندک اکمی ایندی ندی
بو باده ره خف خورتک خری بجه ، کرک جمال ماسانه
بیل اف غنی ایندیه . خود صفت ماسانه
حقرنی اخراج ایندیه . بجه سند در ماسانه لوری



original

42

۱۰۹ - آری و ۱۰۹ - بیوودی مقره

دالیم فضای حلمه سه

لکن اندام که

پول پر باشد بعدها ممه اولیا ائم حس صورتی هم داشتند این خواسته کردند
فرمودند از قبیل پسندیدند از این خواسته فرمودند حس و رفته برازد این را خواست
راهنمایی خواستند
حشیه زنده داشت
ضمنه

پل این خواسته را داشت پس از این خواسته میگردید / میگردید
لکن اندام که

Original of the coded telegrams despatched
from Constantinople by Talaat Bey as it is decoded in
the office of Vali Mustafa Abdülhalik, Aleppo,
Syria, and communicated, with a hand -
written marginal note, to Abdülahad
Nuri Deputy-Chairman of the
General Committee for the Settlement
of Tribes & Deportees, Aleppo, Syria.

Chief Secretary Naim's handwritten
copy from the original and
delivered to A. Andonian,
November 1918.

Handwritten comment of Naim.

ارمنی ادلرینی دا - میبد خنده بود - خفلم اجی امیدیکی
هلهده رورمه به نه دهام ایچ مضریک ائمانده بوارمد
کل صداقتہ خلیفہ لئے بس باعیشو . خلیفی بطفنه
حدادہ ایدی مسند -

حسب دلائی

٨.٩ فاطمه ادلن ائمہ مصووم اجداد
بول بوبیندہ بیغمه طرفی خوند آلدینی
خالیاں اجی طرفیه لور دلوب نصرا خوند آجیقہ
ابه مسند - ادلیقیده بوندرن کھانہ رفیہ آجیقہ
باقی خانیس ائمہ نوحہ امدونو - ۱۰۹

فدرکت . مفات . ختن لک بوند کونه میگردوز
ارمنی امیر بابا ، بوند بود ده خاور برده کونو مسنه ، طور
پری خیبر لار حملہ مایدی . ائمہ ، اوسن زبان
ضد پسرد بونتمدہ ری ، کور بول ، مکنہ مسی ماچو مرزو
بونی خیار لار ضفت بات بوجنا سیدنی بکول جو ایمه
صلوات علیہ ، اور تدیر مهر ایمه دن . خفظ نہل جمعہ
صلوات علیہ ، اور اسٹر اور امداد امداد

original

as copied by Naim

Dahiliye Nezareti
Celebesinin 29 kânû-
nuevvel 331 tarîh
ve 809 numaralı sif-
reli Telgrafnamesi See-
retidir:

Yol boyalarında
yigilmiş olan
eshabî malâme
ecсадının zabu-
tanı esnebiyye
tarafindan görüü-
lüp fotoğraf la-
rinin alındığı
iç filmete oldu-
ğundan, bunların
hemen defniyle
meydanda ecsat
birakılmaması

809.
Halep Vilayetine

Yol boyalarında
yigilmiş kalmış
olan eshabî malâme
ecсадının zabu-
tanı esnebiyye
tarafindan görüü-
lüp fotoğraf la-
rinin alındığı
iç filmete oldu-
ğundan, bunların
hemen defniyle
acıkta bırakıl-
ma ması

put here photo

1 - original p. 47

2 - Nâim p. 4. (24)

Copy of the coded
telegrams despa-
tched by the Hon.
Ministry of Internal
Affairs No. 809,
dated December
29, 1915

809.
To the Government
of Aleppo.

We hear there are
foreign officers who
have seen corpses
of persons known
spread all along
the roads and
are photographing
them. I recom-
mend that it is
imperative those
corpses be buried
at once, and not
left so exposed.

ehemmiyetle tav-
siye olunur.

Dahiliye Nazırı,
Talât.

Pek ehemmiyetlidir,
değil mi?

Muhacirin Müdürüyeh
Umumiyesi Marvin -
liğine:

2 Min. No.

Vali:

Mustafa Abdülhalik,

ehemmiyetle tav-
siye olunur.

29 Kanunnamevi 331,
Dahiliye Nazırı,
Talât.

Dec. 29, 1915.
Minister of Internal
Affairs; Talaat,

It is very impa-
tive, doesn't?

To the Deputy
Chairman of the
General Committee
for deportees.

2 current.

Governor General,
Mustafa Abdülhalik

p:3 comment by Naim

1- Ap: 147-148

EP: 54

FP: 106

TP: 41,

Felaket, Sefafet, hastalık
yüzünden günde yedi sekiz,
yüz Ermeni oluyor, bunlar
yollarda gamurlara
gönlülmüş, tuyuru Vahsiye
tarafından her tarafı
delek desik olmaz, vicdanı
beseri sızladacak hal
deydi.

Alman, Avusturya
zabıtları bu manzaraları
görüyorlar, memleketlerine
yazıyorlardı.

Bunu haber alan Talat
Paşa bu cinayetleriini
bir kırık toprakla
satlatmak, örtmek istedî.

Fakat bu faciayı
mülli meye kâinat attest
olsa unutturamaz,
saklayamaz.

As a result of grie-
vance, extreme misery
and disease, seven or
eight hundred Armenians
died every day. The corpses
were left along the ways,
dying in mud, torn
full of holes by birds
of prey, ^{abandoned} in a heart-
breaking conditions.

German, Austrian
officers witnessed
these scenes and wrote
to their country. Talaat
Pasha being ^{informed} aware of
this, tried to cast
upon these crimes a
shotel of soil and cover
these, but he cannot have
~~forgotten~~ these atrocities
and ^{crimes} ~~guilt~~ covered or
forgotten.

but here photo p.4

See herein up 4 after No. 809



Numara 820.

Name p 7

Aleppo Vilâyetine

Bâdeua sîmaldaa
gelezek Ermenilerin kasa-
ba ve şehirlere uḡratı̄l-
miyarak doğrudan doğ-
ruya menâfîci iskânî-
yelerine sevklerin tamî-
men tebliğ olunur.

4 Kanunusancı 332,

Dahiliye Nazırı;

Talâat.

Committee of Nâîm,

Bu telgraftan maksat
kasaba ve şehirlere uḡ-
ranıldı̄ takdirde bir
parça istirahat etmek,
iâzelerini temin edebi-
lecekleri, aşı ligâ, mah-
rumiyete mahkum, mecbur

No. 820.

To the Government of Aleppo;

In general I recom-
mend that all Armenians,
coming from the North
be sent directly to
their place of deporta-
tions without passing
through any town or
village on the way.

January 4, 1916.
Minister of Int. Af:

Talaat,

Committee of Nâîm

The purpose of this
telegraff was to add
to the suffering of the
people and to exterminate
them sooner. If they
passed through any
towns, perhaps they might

Name pY-2

List
of Tashbaaks & Hinchaks

~~ft~~ oglemek ve bu surelere
metabi seferiyeye tâham-
mîl edilemeyeceğinden
tabii yollarda döküleb-
kalacaklardı.

have some rest and
get provisions for them-
selves for the jour-
ney. Sure they had to
fall on the way and die.
~~and~~ remaine, (by Star-
vation)

بود وحدت نور ماضی خوبیاند روح اسرارهای داد
قیمتی صیغه لذتی داشت

حسب دلا یعنی

۸۲.
بعد سعادت صاحب احمد فضل مکاره راه ادعای خود بجهت
موضع خودی صاحب اطمینانی را درین موقدی تعمیم نمیبخشد
راحیه قاتلی
تصویر
امونو - ۱۴ ۹۰۰

پنجه انداده منفعت ، فضل کاره انداده انداده نقد و درجه
باشد انداده انداده ، اعانت رانی نایمه انداده بجهت خودی
آصفه ، محمد بن محمد عالم بمحروم انداده خود را کوکو
مناعیه فریضی انداده میگزینه طبعی بود راهه را کوکو

فر حقد داد

Talat 1

Nu'mara 820.

Halep Vilayetine.

Bâdema sîmaldeñ
gelecek Ermenilerin
Kasaba ve Şehirlere
uğratılmýarak doğrudan
doğruya menâksı
îskân yelerine sevkleric
tamîmen teblig olunur.

4 Kânûnusani 332.

Dâhilîye Nazîri,

Talat.

No. 820.

To the Government of Aleppo.

In general I recommend
that all Armenians coming
from the North be ^{driven} sent
directly to the place
of their settlement
without passing through
any town or village on the ^{(+) way}.

January 4, 1916.

Minister of Internal Affairs,

Talat.

Naim's comment

Bu telgraftan
maksat Kasaba ve
Şehirlere uğrancılıðına
takdirde bir parça
istirahat etmek, iâzeli
zîni temin edebilecekleri,
acılığa, mahrumiyete
mahküm, mecbur eylemek
ve bussaretle mefaibi

Comment by Naim:

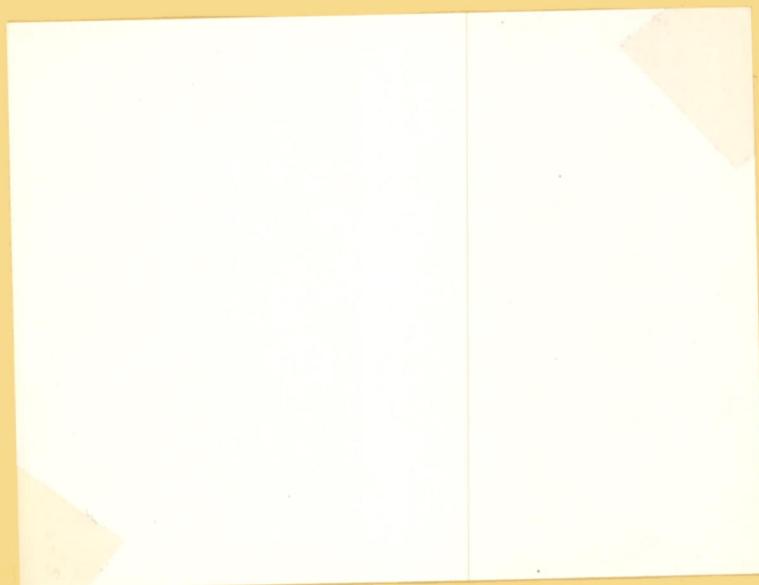
The purpose of this
telegraph was to increase
the emanating sufferings
of the deportees and to
destroy them for certain.
If they were detained in
or near a town, they could
rest a little and be
supplied with some

Telat 2

seferiye ye tahammül
edilemiyeləg inder, tabii
yollarda döküleb
kalacaklardı.

provisions for the
journey, if not, they
might succumb along
the way.

- 1- AP; 156,
- EP; 55,
- FP; 112,
- TP; 26



1

Naim, copy & comment

No. 830.

Aleppo Vilâyetîne;

(No. 830,

To the Govt. of Aleppo);

Ebeveynlerinin felaketini tahattur edemeyecek halde bulunan eshas-ı malüme eytaminin toplattırılarak iâseleri. Mütebaikilerinin Kafîlelerine terfikeye sevkleri (izamları)

12 Kanunusani 332,
Dahiliye Naziri,
Talât,

Collect and keep only those orphans among the known individuals who cannot remember the tortures to which their parents have been subjected. Send the rest away with the caravan.

(January 12, 1916
Minister of Internal Affairs: Talât).

Comments of Naim:

Zannederim ba başta uzun boylu izahata luzum yok. Telgrafın sekli pek sârih manalar ifade ediyor.

Ebeveyninin felaketini iki, üç nihayet dört yaşındakiler cocuklar

I think there is no need to make long comments. The telegraph in itself is very clear. only children of two, three, four years of age cannot remember the tortures of their parents. It means that children over four years of age

Photo - copied by Naim

" - original

830

Name, copy & Comment

tahattur edemez.
Demek dörl yaşından
itibaren bütün Sübyanda
"löne Mahkum edilmisti",
Nitekim öyle oldue,
Meskenede acılan
eytanhaneye doldu -
ritan eytane ne oldue?
Hepsi öldü, öldürüldü.

were sentenced to death,
As a matter of fact it
was just so. what hap-
pened to the orphanage
opened in Meskene and
crowded with orphans?
They were all killed.
They had these all killed.

AP. 187, photo 188
EP. 60, photo 60.
FP. 132-133

حلمه بلونان

۸۲.

ابو سید نه فرستی خطر ایده بجهه اعتراف
امام مفتونه اینجا مهد طوبیلند رسیده راهه اعتراف
شیخ زید نه خله را رزفیچه سو خدی

اصنایف
طفت

صله ایدم بو بدیه اوزده رویی الصاصانه زدم
بو وہ ، نداخه تعلیم په صبحی مختار اخداه ایدیو
ابو سید فرستی آنی ادیج نیزه راهه باز که هر چند
نمایی نه . دیگه دره ساینه اغفار سوونه جباره ده
اردو مه مکالم اسپندی . نه کیم امریه اولدی . سند ده
احد اینا من نه . درود رسیده اینام نه اولدی .
ھیں اولدی . بھل اولد رسیدی .



(1)

Nâim p 9

Numara 840.

No. 840.

Halep Vilâyetine

İntilli, Ayran mevkile
inden itibaren Halebe
kadar ^{Kimsesiz} hat yollarında
okserisi, Kadın ve co-
cuktan ibaret kırk,
elli bin Ermeni oldugue
acelâsûlmıştır. Güzergâ-
hi askerinin böyle
en muhim mevâkiinde
bir mecmâi sefalet
Teşkilî müsâbipleri
için en ağır cezâye
mîstela im olacağından
Adana vilâyetle bilmu-
habere, hecen Halebe
uğratmamak sizin kara-
dan menatîkî iskânîye-
lerine sevkleriyle neti-
cesinin bir haftaya kadar
im bası shemmiyyetle
Muntazîrdir.

16 KANUNUSUANT 332
Dâiliye Naziri: Talât

To the Government of Aleppo,

We hear that all along
the line which runs Intilli,
Ayran and Aleppo, there
are some forty or fifty
thousand Greeks,
mostly women and children
without any protection.

The persons who are
causing a great deal of
trouble by remaining on
sites important for military
transport, will be punished
with greatest severity.

Therefore, immediately
communicate with the
Government of Adana, and
send the Greeks, on foot,
to their place of exile in
the desert, without allowing
them to pass through
Aleppo. (1) Jan. 16, 1916.

Mu. of Int. Af.: Falaah.

i- The English translation has; a Therefore communicate
with the Govt. of Adana, and send those Greeks to
Aleppo immediately, without letting them go further. (p. 31)

I- AP: 59, EP: 30, FP: 50, TP: 27 photo (Nâim)

Nâim p 9 (2)

I anxiously wait to hear the result of this within a week.

January 16, 1916.

Min. of Int. Af.: Talat.

Nâim's Comment

Kendisinin itiraf ettiği
ve hile, kimseyiz kadın
ve çocukları ibaret
bir takımı zavallular ne
yapmağa Kadir olabi-
lirlər? Ve oralarda
aylarca kaldalar, ne
gibi bir hareketleri
müsahide edildi? Merha-
meti, bese riye ye avuç
acmış bir kaçı zavallının
mercediyetinden korku-
lurmu? Hayır, bunlar
korku için değil, Türk
tarikhini, Türk nasıleyi
istikbalini lekelemek,
pg) Ermenilik ~~nes~~ neslinin
ortadan kalkmasına çalışmak
fikrinde başka bir şey
değildir.

Nâim's Comment

According to the con-
fession he made, what
such miserable women
and children ^{deprived of all} ~~without any~~
protection, may be able
to do? They remained
there through months, what
kind of their movement
has been observed?

Who may fear the pre-
sence of some miserable
human beings begging
for mercy? No, They are
not to create fear, but
they are to stain the Turkish
history, Turkish honor and
future. This is to work
of annihilating the Armenian
race from over the world,
nothing other.

۸۹

ابتدئ ، این موتفع دست اخباراً حد تقد - خطا بودند هم
آرزوی کسر بر خادمه و حوصله عبارت در خواهد بود از مام
ارمنی اول ری احلاشم - کن راه عَرَبَنَا بِوَرَالْعَام
موافقه . بجمع خلاف نسبتی سببی ایجوان ان اغراض ای
نمدم اوله حقیقت اخنه دلار نیزه با لحن زیره همان
فروده مناصه طنیه رشته موفردر رنج نه رکفه تقد -
انس اصنهه منظاد - ۱۲ | ۳۰۰۰ دلاری دلاری

لذت به اعزام استینی صاحب کسری خارج و حفظ
عبا- سه طفیل نهایت بازی خارج املا بسیار
و اراده ایشان خالص نه کی جو کندی من مقدم
ایدیدی . محمد لری ادوی احمدی رخچ زوالیه
من درستیم فور خود رمی ؟ خوب بود خوش خواهد داشت
زدن نایخنی ، زدن ناصح استفاده کند رهان



Nâîee

Numara 845.

Halep Vilayetine,

16 Kanunusani 332 tarib
ve 840 numaralı Sifreli
telgraphameye zeyildir.

İntilli ve Ayran
merkezlerinde bırakılmış
olan Ermenilerin inşaat-
ta mistahdem olanla-
rinin neticesi inşaata
kaolar tehciri sevkleriyle
ile ailelerin birlikte
ikametleri caiz görüle
mediğinden, onların
Halep sivarındaki ku-
zayl münasibeye mu-
vakkatan ve mütebaiki
kimdesiz kadın ve
çocukların isan
سابık وله سرعت
sevkleri

No: 845.

Segual to telegram

No. 840, January 16, 1916.

Do not deport Germe-

nians working on the
railroad between İntilli
and Ayran until the cons-
truction is completed.

However, it is not al-
lowed for them to live
with their families, settle
them temporarily some-
where in the outskirts
of Aleppo. The remaining
women and children
~~without any protection~~
who have no one to protect
them, deport immediately
in compliance with the
former (precedent) tele-
gram.

(January 16, 1916.

Min. of Int. Af: Talat)

(1)

- (1) Ap: 59-61, Ep: 31, Fp: 51-52, Tp: 29 (Nâîee).
The Nâîee's handwritten copy does not have
date and signature, as usual. This means
that A. Andonian trans used the original
for translation. The original was sent to Consule.

ا- مِنْكُمْ نَذَرْ ادْرَنْ دَرْ فَلْقُمْ حَسْبُجَهْ فَدْ نَصْ
لَفْ رِيشْ دَكْ .

حصہ دلائی

نہاد کو فرمادی
۸۰۰ میٹر میں تا ۱۵۰ میٹر
۸۹۰

نَذَا فَتَاهُ مِنْهُ زَمَدٌ -
بَنْتَهُ دَارِيَانْ مُوْفَدَنْدَهُ مِنْهُ اَولُونْ اَرْمَدَل
اَنْتَهُ مَكْمَمْ اَولَانْدَنْهُ بَنْجَهُ اَنْتَهُ خَدَهُ - تَأْخِيْرَهُ
عَلَهُ لَرْنَهُ بَلَدَهُ اَقْمَدَهُ حَاجَزَ كُورَوَهُ مَكْلَدَهُ
اَوْنَرَكْ حَبْ جَوَارَدَهُ كَزَائِشَهُ بَهْ مُوقَدَهُ اَنْهَنَهُ
وَتَبَاغِيْ لَجَبَرَزَ خَارِبَهُ دَحِيْفَلَهُ اَسَدَهُ بَهْ مَحَدَهُ
خَرْجَتْ مُوقَدَهُ



6 10 14 - 36 ve

The question is now whether effectively
the Armenian orphans were killed or not

the question is that Talaat Bey, Min of Int.
affairs, ~~or~~ effectively ^{issued} such order to massacre
them, and Naim Bey, Secretary of in the
office of the ~~General~~ ^{Deputy} Chairman of the Gen.
Committee for the Settlement of Refugees and
Deportes, was assigned to carry out the
order, and who in his written comments
corroborated that the order concerned the
massacre of the Armenian orphans.

۱۰۲

- (۱) راضیه نظر رضیه شد \Rightarrow کل و زن شده نمایند و
 (۲) فرود رستگاری تغیر از این حالت می‌باشد.

- (۳) مخدوش چیز و اتفاق پس از حادثه خود را در اینجا داشتم
 (۴) وجود آنکه آنها پس از مدتی به شرکت خود اینجا باشند از این
 (۵) پیش از صعود به مرکز کنترل خدمتمند این هزاری بجایه سرمه دنیا
 (۶) اختیاری مخفیه را دارد. قریب‌ترین سرفیلان خارجی ریزی رضیف خواهد
 (۷) و نکن، نه - اما تا این لحظه، از دنیا ده نیفست اخیره موچو سرمه دنیا
 (۸) راضیه نظر
 (۹) مثبت
 (۱۰) که خود را برای خود نهاده
 (۱۱) $\frac{12}{12}$
~~مقدار~~ (۱۲) $\frac{80}{80}$
 (۱۳)

98

Arw. p. 101
 Fr. p. 130

Original of the coded
dispatched from Constantinople by
telegram of Talaat Bey. It
was decoded in the office of
Mustafa Abdulhalik, Governor General
of Aleppo, Syria, and communi-
cated, with a marginal note ^{of the handwritten}
^{by the same Gov-} to Abdulahad Nuri, Deputy
Chairman of the General Committee
for the Settlement of Tribes and De-
portees, Aleppo, & Syria.

NUMERALS ADDED ^{by the editor}

This refers to each line.

Chief Secretary Naim's hand-
written copy from the original,
and Naim ^{summarized} resumed the first two
lines, copied the text ^{of lines 3-7} ~~literally verbatim~~
as they are; omitted the marginal
note (lines 8-13); ^{and} added his own
comments.

21-

1914 July - & 1914, Aug, 17

Van 6 April 1915

21-1

Photo N° 113, 114 & 115

- N° 113
1 - Handwritten copy of Telegram N° 853,
2 - Comment handwritten by Naim,

N° 114 | Handwritten comment of Naim continued

N° 115 | 1) Handwritten comment by Naim continued

2) Handwritten copy of telegram N° 745,

1

Numerals

5

added before each line
next to

10

15

20

original of the coded
telegram of Talaaat Bey
as it was decoded in the
office of Mustafa Aledulhalik
Gov. Gen of Aleppo, Syria.

and communicated to Abdallah
Nuri Dep. ch - of the Sen. Committee (over)

for the Settlement of Tribes & deportees
Aleppo Syria, = Vahan Najarian

Naim's handwritten copy from
the original, and his
Comments.

Naim resumed the
first two lines. copied the text as
it is. omitted the marginal note.
Added his comment.

حصرياً

اور نہ ان نتیجہ دے۔ بالآخر مدام کی۔ نہ اب سب
 اسی مدام خون اور جسم۔ برائی کی دوڑ اٹھاں معمولی
 طور پر کہ، طوبیانہ کہ، ہائونی کو تینوں باخث
 مودہ اپنی بودی۔ برصغیر دلیل فیض دی جو۔
 معجبہ داری کی اختلاف اپنی بودی۔ فتح احمد
 بن سوریہ میور دی۔ رآن نتیجہ ایسا نہیں
 کہ محدث بن حنبل مدام بھجو حصہ۔ رآن نتیجہ
 ادیہ دی بتائیں گے تو یہ دی۔
 محدث بن حنبل کی جسم کی بولی۔ برائی کی موسیدہ
 طوبیانہ کہ اور اس کی بولی برائیمانی کی ایجاد۔
 اور اس کی جسم اور اس کی بولی بولی بولی دی۔
 محدث بن حنبل کی مسندی۔ مفتی بولنے
 یوں۔ مرن اول لدی ملا اسی۔ مفتی بولنے
 مودہ داری مسند بہ ماسو۔ ایک دم۔ عصمت زمانہ
 ماسو۔ میزبانی و ملکیت ایکی جو حصہ، اور اس کی
 عبارت سے۔ کونڈر بر جھددی۔ یہ ایک دم۔
 اور خوار حصہ۔ اور جو دم۔ معجبہ داری کی
 تفصیلی نتیجہ ہے۔ تکمیل تفصیل کے بہ نہیں

تَأْخِرُ الْمُتَيَّبِيْنَ . اَلِهِ بُوْزَدَلَدَه . مَدِيْ سَذَآئَ
حَدَه بُوْصِقَه نَهَى اَوْلَادَه اَسْتَانْزَارَ كُونْدَرَلَدَه
اَكَرْ لَوْمَرَى دَرْبَه زَانَه ، صَنَعَتْ يَاْسَارَه حَسَه
اَسْدَمْتَ اَرَدَه اَيَّدَه نَهَى دَبَدَنَى نَفَرَيَه فَيْ مَقْدَه -
اَنَارَيَه ، بَابَرَنَه حَصَبَ خَلَدَنَى اَلَهَ ، اَخْلَه
حَلَبَه . شَمَنَه بَوَّبَيَّ بَلَه دَه اَوْلَادَه دَنَّه حَلَبَه .
فَرَه بَيَّنَه تَأْخِيْجَيَه كَه لَه بَه . حَوْقَاجَه طَمَى عَجَباً
لَه بَنَه بَه بَه اَسَه بَادَه اَيَّه . حَدَه
حَسَه وَلَامَه

1

original + Name (page 12)

Allah!

Lines(1)

Dâhiliye Nezareti

Celilesinin 23 Kanunusancı

332 tarih ve 853 numaralı

şifreli telgrafname nin

sureti hallidir

Allah!

Copy of the coded tele-

gram No. 853, dispa-

tched by the Ministry of

Internal Affairs January

23, 1916.

(2)

Mehtaşlı himaye

ve iâze binlerce

muhacirin ve Suheda-i

eytam ve aramile (4)

mevcutken, Atiyen

yine mazarrattan

baska bir sey tevlik

etmeyecek olant bir

takim eghasî maleme

metrukate tafeglige-

sinin iâzeleri içen

mesâifi zaide ihtiyârı

Muvafik degil dir.

Bu gibiler sekiz yet

kafîlelerine terfi kan

ibrac (3) ve simdiye

At a time when there
are ^{many} orphans and widows
of Mosleem refugees and
Martyrs in need of food
and protection, it is not
wise and sensible to incur
any additional expenses
to feed children ^{left} by
known persons; they will
serve no other ^{future} purpose
except that of ^{making} giving us
trouble. It is neces-
sary that these children
be turned out of your
province and driven
with the caravans
to their destination

(5)

(6)

Original + Naim

Kadar iage edilmekte Those who have been
olanlarin da tebli - kept until now are
gato ahire muci - also to be sent away
binde Sivas'ikam - to Sivas' in accordance
lari. with previous orders.

(8) Dahilige Nazire;

Min. of M. of Af,

(9) Talâah.

Talaah.

Marginal Note:

(10) Muhacirin Müdüriyeti Umumiyesi Muvinlerine:

Marginal Note —

To the Deputy-chairman
of the General Committee
for deportations,

Current 25.

(11) 25 min hı,
Vali;

Governor General,
Mustafa Abdülhalik.

(12) Mustafa Abdülhalik.

Naim's Comment:

Ne kadar mutlif
merhametsizlik! Dunyaya
Ermeni olarak gel-
mektese baska biri
günahî olmayan bir

Naim's Comment:

The purpose of sen-
ding orphans to Sivas
was to kill them on the
way. How an awful
ruthlessness. They think
that a little bit of bread
eaten by these miserable

L AP. 191

FP. 130

EP. Photo p. 63

The expression "to be
sent away to Sivas"
means to be killed on the way
as Naim (explained).
corroborated

original + Naim

takım zavalle məsum
ların yiyecekleri bir
lokma etmek çok
görüliyor, yaşamak
hakkından mahrum
buraklıyorlardı.

O zamanlar insanı
yetperver bir Alman ma-
daması zannederim ismi
Madam Ruh olacaktı, bir
iki yüz etfali masumeli
toplamsı, top lattırmıı,
hükümeti bu yetimleri
Bakmaya sevkiyordu,
bu merhamet Valayı
kızdırıyor, muhabirin
dairesini ığdırab edici
yordu, fakat açıktan
bir şey söylemiyor -
lardı.

Bu merhametli
Madam bu çocuklara
bir ana sefkatini

innocent children who
had no other guest than
being born in this world
as Armenians; they were
deprived ~~them~~ of the
right of living. At that
time I think a humani-
tarian German lady, her
name should be Rich,
had collected one or two
hundred ^{innocent} children, or had
them collected. The Government
sent these orphans. This
^{compassion made the}
Governor General angry.
The office of deportations
became furious, but
they do not express their
feelings openly.

This humanitarian lady
took care of these
children as a mother.

4
original + Naim

iğrenç ediyor, onlara
yasatmak istiyordu.

The tried to have them
alive. keep

Hükümet buna da
bir hile buldu, bu
yetimler Sivas'ta
toplanaacak, orada
büyük bir eytanhaneye
açılıyor, orada
bağılaçaklar dedi,
Maksadı yollarda bu
bicareleri öldürmekti,
hafta bunların sevk
ve idaresine beu memur
edildim. Çocuklar
frecele memuru mahsus
vedayetle Ereğliye
gelecekler, oradan
arabalarla Sivas'a
gönderileceklerdi.
Ben Ereğliye otura -
caktım. O serada
Muhacirin dairesinin
Tahsisatı tükennisti,

Government found a
stratagem to this;
decided to gather ^{to send} these
orphans to Sivas. A
large orphanage was
opened there to take
care of them, they said.
The very purpose was to
kill these unfortunate
children, even I was
appointed supervisor
for this control of
their transportation.
The children had to go
in train to Ereğli,
where from they had to be
~~drive~~ go to Sivas on carts.
I had to remain in
Ereğli. At this time
the allocations for the
administration of refugees

5+

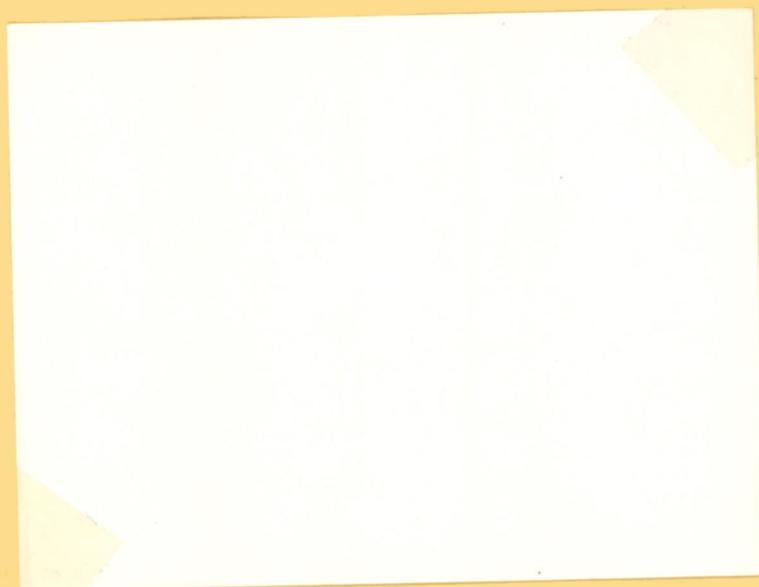
original + Naim

yeni fahsiat bekliyordu, came to an end, new
teckhür etti, is bozuldu, allocations were to be
Yedi Sekiz ay sonra, made available. But this
bu çocukların nasıl was delayed. It did not
oldu ise, İstanbul'a work. Seven or eight months
gönderildiler. later, the children were
directed to Consule.

Eğer bee emri-i
veren zatta Talaat
Paşa da hiss-i İslamiyat
olsaydı, nik ve bedni
emriyle zulmiley
yetim kalmış bugüne
bikeleri de öldürmeye
çalışmış olsalı, koca
bir milletin tarihini
lekeleyen şw bir kağız
Zalimi, bezeriyeh
acaba ne gibi bir
isimle ya dedecek?

If Talaat Pasha had
the Moslem feelings of (the) good
person who issued this
order, he would have
never tried to have such
innocent orphans and
children subjected to suff-
ring up to death.

How humanity will,
find a term to qualify
such atrocities staining
the history of a great
nation?



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي مُذْعِنٌ لَكَ

دیگر شنیده اند و نظر نمی
نمکوبت تا در آن دنار اندند طولانی بروکم
مسنون است قبول اینچه

ماده پان د طاشه - ۴

Բ Ն Ա Գ Ի Ր

Ներքին գործերու նախարար Թալ էաթ Փաշայի 7

Մարտ 1916 թուակից ԾԱԾԿԱԳԻՐ ՀԵՌԱԳՐԻՆ:

իւրագուշիւր

Տողերու միջեւ, ամէնմէկ թուանշանի վերեւ

դրուած է բնագրի լուծումը կամ վերծանումը :
այսինքն! ամէն մէկ թուանշանին համապատասխանող
գիրը, վանկը կամ բառը :

Այս հեռագրով նախարարը կը հրամայէ Հալ էպի
կուսակալ Մուսթաֆա Ապտիւլ Խալիք Պէյի բնաջնջեւ
տալ զանգուածօրէն այն բոլոր Հայ մանուկները
որոնք Թուբք պատերազմական նախարարի հրահանգով
կը խնամուէին :

Այս ծածկագիր հեռագրի բնագիրը 14 նոյեմ
բեր 1918 ին Հալ էպի մէջ Գաղթականներու Փոխ
Տնօրէնութեան Գրասենեակի քարտուղար Նայիմ Սէֆա
էֆէնտի վերցուց նոյզն գրասենեակէն եւ զայն
ծախեց Հալ էպի մէջ Պարոն Պանդոկի տէր եւ տնօրէն
օննիկ Մազլումեանի :

Բարիգի նուպարեան Մատենադարանէն Արամ
Անտոնեան այս հեռագրի բնագիրը ղրկեց 1920 ին
Պոլիս Զաւէն Պատրիարք Եղիայեանի :

Հալ էպի մէջ Գաղթականներու Փոխ Տնօքէնու
թեան Գրասենեակի Ընդհանուր Տնօքէն Ապդիւլ
Ահատ Նուրի Պէյ կը դատուէր Թուրք Պատերազմա-
կան Ատեանի առջեւ。 իր յանցաւորութիւնը փաս-
տելու համար, վերեւի հեռագրի բնադիրը յանձ-
նուեցաւ Ատեանին եւ դրուեցաւ Ապտիւլ Ահատ
Նուրի Պէյի թղթածրաբին մէջ։

Մանրամասնութիւնը տես !

"Յուշամատեան Սեծ Ծղեռնի", Պէյրութ, 1965.

Էջ 287, եւ 288-285:

Halep Vilayetine

Numara 819,
Mahreci 15th Tambıne
Belomesi 130.

Tarihi: 7 Mart 332, saat 6.

İmza, ..

496 Harbiye 321 NEZARETİ

117 CE 198 L 111 i 198 L 189 E

124 Si 147 N 119 IN 148 E 176 M

123 R 111 iy 198 L 189 E 147 N

~~154~~ 147 O 152 K 151 T 189 A 198 L 123 AR

151 TA ~~123 RA~~ 114 F 147 IN 149 D 147 AN

111 Y 115 O 198 L 198 L 123 AR 149 D

189 A ~~F~~ 151 D 115 O 198 L 148 A 147 N

115 U 157 P ~~F~~ 148 I 165 A ~~118~~ 123 A

189 SE EDILEN 148 E 143 S 139 H

162 Si 176 M 165 A 198 L ~~162~~ 176

~~165~~ 198 L 115 Ü 176 M 189 E

148 E 151 T 114 F 148 A 198 L 197 I

119 NIN 176 M 189 U 148 HA 162 C 123 I

111 R. 147 IN DAIRELERİNCE

148 I 165 A 148 A 163 S 189 E

EDİLDİKLERİ 157 BE 189 H 148 A

147 N 189 E 87 Si 46 YLE SEVKLERİ

151 D 136 I 198 F 111 E OLARAK

163 SÜ 151 P 189 HE 189 YE 81 YE MEHEL

VERİM EKSİZİN

354 İFNA 198 LA 123 R 111 VE İŞARI.

DARİLİYE NAZIRI: TALAT

7 MART 332

HALEP VİLÂYETİ CELİLESİNÉ

Postahane numarası 819

Mahrecc KELİMESİ 130

TARİHİ 7 MART

SAAT ÖYLENDEN SONRA 6

Kelimesc 130

İMZA (illegible)

496 HARBIYE 321 NEZARETİ

117 188 111 198 189 124, 147 119 CELİLESİNİN

148 176 123 111 188 189 EMRİYLE

151 123 114 147 149 147 NOKTALAR

111 115 198 123 149 189 TARAFLIDAN YOLLARDA

151 155 198 188 147 149 115 157 DOLANIP

148 165 148 163 189 İASE EDİLEN

148 163 139 148 162 EŞHASI

176 165 198 198 147 189 MALÜME

148 151 114 148 188 147 119 EŞFALININ

176 189 148 117 123 111 147 MÜ HACİRİNDE DAİRELERINE

148 165 148 163 189 İASE EDİLECEKLERİ

157 189 148 147 189 BEHĀNESİYLE ALINIP

151 136 198 111 TOPLADILARAK

163 157 189 189 81 SÜPHEYE MEHEL VERİL-

354 188 123 111 = İFNALARİ MEKSİZİN VE İŞARI

DÂHİLİYE NAZIRI,
TALÂT,

Alep Vilayeti
Cilicia
7 March 1332

Coded Telegram dispatched from Alep by the Ministry of Internal Affairs to the Government of Aleppo.

Harbiye Nazareti Celile
Sının emriyle yoldarda (1)
dolancı iaze edilen
et hase Malüme etfa-
linin mühacirin daire-
lerince iaze edilecekti
beri behanesindeki dolancı
toplaklatak tarafından
olarak ^{Mahal} supheye ve
mekən sizin; ifnaları
ve ısamı.

Dahiliye Nazırı:
Talaat

(1) Noktalarda dolancı

from streets
Collect the children
of well known persons,
who, by order of the
War Office, have been
gathered together and
cared for ⁽ⁱⁿ⁾ by the military
stations.

Take them away on
the pretext that they are to
be looked after by the
Office of the Deportations
Committee, so as not to
arouse any suspicion.

Destroy these & report.
March 7, 1916.

Min. of Int. Affairs:
Talaat,

Ap. 194; EP. 62, FP. 138
TP. original

Photo: Ap. 198, Ep. 139
EP. Missing.



لئے اپنے ملکہ اور زرہ کو خداوندیہ ۔ اتنا بھائی اندھیں
ریہ ناپڑیوں دلت دہ صبح دیو ۔
لذج قسمی فرنی انڈی ٹھنڈیہ انڈھی
بایا بس کچھ سخت سکن دہ جدیدہ دہ سارہ اولینی
خانہ دہ حیفہ پدرہ قارنہ کرنو رو لو کہ
خود سخن لہ اولہ برسی . و خدا نہ مک دہ قہ جوانی کی
اسلام فرازیہ رضہ اپنکی ۔ ایسی کوہ رکھ

Sivas, Harput ve Sair
o Taraftan gelen Ermeni
lerin katl ve nehpleri
emr-i Rumtsale Kayma-
kamlığına buradan (Halp-
ten) yazılıdır. Kaymakam
Kurtlerden müteşkil
bir cete teşkil ederek,
Samsat Cihetine gönder-
rilerek Behesni, Adı-
yaman taraklıyle gelen
Ermeni kafileleri katl
ve itlaf edildi, Nağ-
leri Firata atıldı,
takribi malumatl res-
miyeye nazaran yalnız
Samsat cihetlerinden
öndörün bin Ermeni bu cete
halindeki yağmacı Kurtler
tarafından itlaf edil-
misti.

The order to mas-
sacre and plunder Armenia,
deportees coming from
Sivas, and Harput and
other provinces was sent
from Aleppo to the Kay-
makam of Rumkale.

The Kaymakam organized
a special gang of Kurds
and sent them to Samosat,
where they massacred
and annihilated Arme-
nian caravans coming
via Behesni-Adiyaman,
they threw the corpses
into ^{the} Euphrates River.

According to official
reports about 14,000
Armenians were massa-
cred, plundered alone in
the vicinity of Samosat by
the Kurdish murderers and
pillagers. 1

Telegram of M. Abdulhalik
and comment of Naim

Halep Vilayetinin 11
Kanunusane 332 tarihinde
Antep Mutasarrıflığına
yazdığı şifreli telgra-
fin Sureti dir.

Copy of the coded telegram
dispatched to the Mutesarif
of Antab by the Government
of Aleppo January 11,
1916.

Sivas, Mamuret-ul-Aziz
ahalisinden olup livanız
dahilinde bulandukları
antlaşan Ermenilerin
oralarda yerleşmelerine
neydan verilmeyerek,
usulü malumeyi mübellege
dairesinde muamele ve
neticesinin inbası.

Vali:

(Mustafa Abdulhalik). 1

We hear there are
Armenians in your vicinity
from Sivas and Harput.
Do not give them any
opportunity to settle
there. By methods previous-
ly communicated to you,
do what is necessary
and report the result.

Governor General;
Mustafa Abdulhalik. 1

Comment of Naim Bey: 2

Bu telgraf o teraplarda
bulunan Ermenilerin kital-

This telegram was dis-
patched to massacre

1- Emphasis added.

1- Naim p. 31, (5) Photo

2- " p. 32, (6) "

1- AP: 160; EP: 56,
FP: 114; TP: 17 photo

(2)

para için verilmiştir,
a usulu malümeji mübellegeni
tabiri öldürülmesi manaz
Sina delalet eder. Yedi
gün sonra Kaza-i Mezkür
Kagymakamlığının işaruna
âtfen ~~Antep~~ Antep mutas-
sarrıfliginden atideki
cevapname gelmiştir; 2

Halep Vilayetine;
Cevap 11 Kanunusani 332.

Liva dahilinde yalnız
Rumkalede birleşikleri (that)
anlaşılan vilayeti mezküre
ahalisinden adedi beşyüz'e
balığı olan ve okserisi kadın
ve çocuktan ibaret bulunan
eshast malümenin usulu
malümei mübellegi (3) dai-
resinde muhafiz Kürtlere

the Armenian survivors
gathered in that area.
The expression „by
methods previously communica-
ted to you“ is tantamount
to the significance of
massacring. After 7 days
a reply arrived from the Mate-
sarif of Antab according to the
information reported by the
Kagymakam of the Saane district.
To The Government of Aleppo:
Reply to the telegrau of
January 11, 1916:

it has been ascertained
there are about five hundred
people from the said provinces
in the vicinity of Rumkale
under our jurisdiction.

The Kagymakam of Rum-
kale reports that most of
them are women and
children, and that, in

1- Emphasis added.

2- page 39-6. photo.

3- Emphasis added.

(3)

terfikeen bir avdet
etmemek üzere ihraç
edildikleri kazanı Mezkür
Kavmazamlığın işarından
anlasıldığı maruzdır.

Comment of Naim :

Bundan demek oluyor
ki Rumkalede mevcut
besyüz kadar kadın ve
cocuktan ibaret Erme-
niler emir mucibince öldü.
Rütmüslüklere bir daha
avdet etmemek ve muhafiz
Kürtlere sözlerinde
öldürüldükleri izah
olunuyordu. (3)

accordance with the
methods earlier commun-
cated, they have been
sent to be escorted by Kurdish
guards with the understanding
they are never to return.

Jan. 18, 1916,
Mut. Ahmed. (4)

Comment of Naim :

It is understood that
order was included in
the communication to mas-
sacre about five hundred
Armenian women and chil-
dren already settled in
Rumkale and drive them
under Kurdish escorts to the
destination of death. (5)

(3) Naim p 32-6, photo entire p.

(4) Ap; 161; Ep; 56; EP; 114, TP; 18
photo.

5) TP. Photo, Naim's
handwriting.

بعد لامد ولائمه مكتبه عنده حسن حواله زاده وله قيادة
بولوز خصمه ترکل دتوسيح علیه ایندیه سعیده استادی لازم است
ای: ایندیه سعیده نیزی
د: ایندیه خرد
ل: ایندیه

خواه مید خنده کر اولو کتاب بو هبیح محول
شیخ فتح الدین راد -

زد - مهدی زلیکه هب دلانیه لشید اندیشی
اموریتی تایله سفهی تند افه - سفهی

لـ ۱۰۷
فـ ۱۰۸
مـ ۱۰۹

۲۰۷

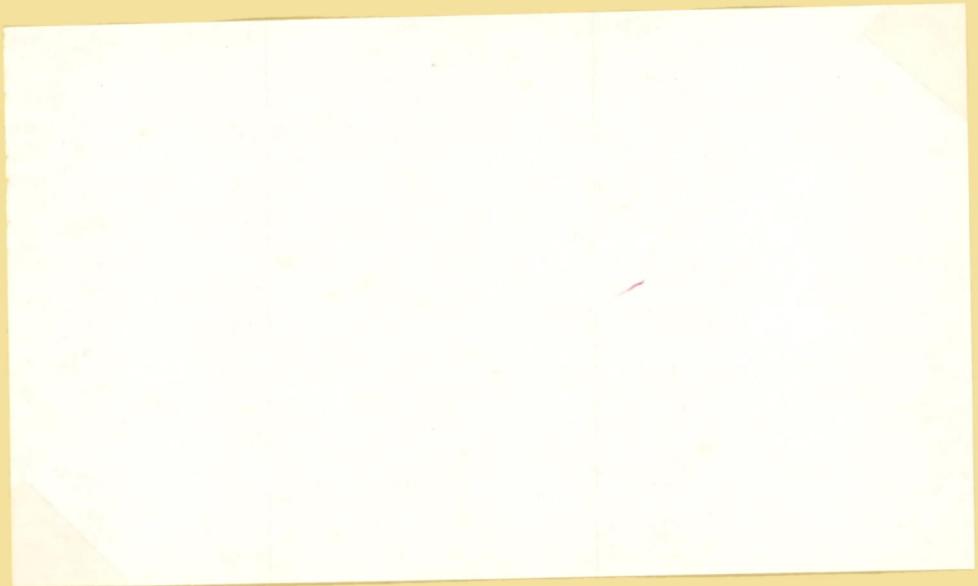
لعن اسماى معرفت

فَالْمُكَذِّبُونَ

هندوستانی ها
منظره یا زدن سفره نداشند.
بعضی میگویند از این دلایل است که
کشورهای آسیا و افغانستان
اصل معنویت صلح را در جنگ و معامله اخراج داشتند.

اے۔ میں کو ۷۴ ملٹری ائم جنگی میں مارے گئے۔

میں بوندہ رہیہ اپنے کو مدم فتح دے، میور سبھ بوجہ قدم۔
تاریخ دھرم حفظ کر لیا۔ اسی کل اور سر جنگ اول دریانہ دریا
برہہ مکور اپنے کو دس فدا کو۔ رام و پنہ مونڈ رام
اول سر لئے ہر ان پیٹھ اول نو تیو۔ (۱)



لپنوا ف او ز رینه بعده تر بیانه باشد که در ده
که دستگله بونی بر میویم .
اده داده خیلی خود لدی . نهانی ابلدی . روایت خود
نهاده به خوبی . عذر داده بر زانه . مرد جانه میری
البته ایوب باد شکلی به همین طرزه نهاده
بهذی الرعنی بیویم . حتی نوار مدل فخرانه دارد .
صفه من در خدمتی . نخواهد مفتت الاصح .

بـ ۱۷ صـ ۲۰ دـ ۱۹۴۳ مـ ۱۳۶۲ هـ
مـ ۱۳۶۲ هـ ۱۹۴۳ مـ ۲۰ دـ ۱۷ صـ ۲۰
مـ ۱۳۶۲ هـ ۱۹۴۳ مـ ۲۰ دـ ۱۷ صـ ۲۰
مـ ۱۳۶۲ هـ ۱۹۴۳ مـ ۲۰ دـ ۱۷ صـ ۲۰

۱۰ باید همچو این بیان فاکتور را معرفی کنند
وقایعیت داشته که مترادف باشد، مرتبت نصف اندیکاتور
تجزیی نامی است بیان. تجزیه بولرد، مدیان
حسب راضیانه وقت اندیکاتور. و باید آنها را
اندیکاتور ارائه دیرجه اجتناب مفتا - انگلیسی

٤٠ - انت ببور . شامة
سما هذه حيفا - كي سو قابه اقول :
زياده اعيت در مکان . ولاتيج قىمعانة دى
شاما - لازم احـ ايدى . غير ايدى " .

Comment of Naim

Yollarда aç susuz
birakılmalarına dikkat
edilmesi için buradan
(Halepten) jandarmalara
emir verildi, Baf
fevkâlede sevk Memur-u
Muharrem Beşe 20 Kanu-
nusani 332 tarih ve 344
numaralı Muhacirin Mi-
dürciyeti Umumiye Muavin-
lerinden yazılan mahrem
tahriratin Secretidir;

„ Vilâyetin zati bey-
inde itimade dairenin
bu itimade tebaen içinde
nize Tevdi etiği vazifenin
ehemmiyetini tahrir
edeceğinize eminim. »

„ Bapta hiç Ermeninin
kalmasına müsaade etme-
yeceksiniz, serviyatta gös-
tereceğiniz siddet, surat,

Order was given to
gendarmes from Aleppo to
strictly keep the deportees
hungry and thirsty on
their way.

Here is the copy of the official
^{and} confidential communication
written by the Deputy-Chair-
man of the Committee for the
Settlement of Deportees
to Muharrem Beg, ^{Extraordinary} ~~Special~~ Super-
visor of deportation at Baf
No. 344, dated Jan. 20, 1916:

“ Doubtless you appreciate
the confidence of the Provincial
Authorities have in your person,
and the importance of the
work entrusted to you by
our office(1) on the basis
of the same confidence.

You shall not permit
one single Armenian to
remain in Baf. The extent

(1) Muhacirin Müdürüyesi
Umumi Muavini, of the
Deputy-Chairman of the General
Committee for Deportees.

takip ettiğiniz neticeyi temin edebilir. Yalnız yollarda, meydanda cesat bırakmamaya dik kat ediniz ve bu haptan istihdam edeceğiniz adam lara verilecek, ücretin miktarı àzamisini bildeniz.

„Vesaiti nakhliye tedarikiyle mesgül olmayınız, maşiyen de gidebilirler; Su günlerde gelen haftalık nefiyat cetveli mucibî memnuniyet degildir. Buradan anlaşılıyor ki bu adamlar orada pek rahat yaşayorlar, Seyyahate çikar gibi servis olmaz, şikâyete, feryada ehemniyet vermeyiniz. Vilâyetten kaymakamlağa da tebligâti lazıme icra edildi, gayret ediniz.”⁽¹⁾

and speed you show with regard to deportation alone can assure the success of the goals we are pursuing. But you have especially make sure that no corpses are left by the roadside.

“Do not waste your time to provide to them means of transportation. The deportees can go on foot. The weekly death-rate sent to us during the last few days was not satisfactory. It is evident from this that these people are living quite comfortably there. The transportation of the deportees must not be a journey like Do not listen to protests and lamentations. The Govt has sent necessary instructions to the Kaymakams as well.”
Do your best.

Jan. 20, 1916.

Abdullah Nuri, (2)

(1) Tp. pp. 9-10 photo (Naim)

(2) Ap. 91-92, EP; 37, FP; 72,

TP; p. 9-10, photo

The Turkish text copied by Nâîn is different from the translation made by A. Andonian.

The signature of Abdülahad Nuri is added by A. Andonian, it is correct.

The original of the Telegram of Abdülahad Nuri Bey was sent by Aram Andonian from Paris to Consulate to Patriarch Zaven 1920 to provide evidence in the trial of Abdülahad Nuri Bey by the Turkish Official Extraordinary Martial. A. Andonian's letter to

Dr. Nakashian, and letter of Dr. Mary Terzian,

This was made by request of Nubar Pasha,
at Geneva, Switzerland, Paris, July 28, 1937, p. 2-3., Bibl. Nubar, Paris

"J'envoie au Patriarche un long mémoire écrit en crayon par Nâîn Bey, concernant Abdülahad Nuri Bey, document accusant pour un Sinistre Chef, ainsi que quelques-uns des originaux dossiers lesquels Abdoulahad Nuri Bey était mentionné et qui se trouvaient chez moi."



State Policy

The Massacre of the Armenians discussed in Turkish newspapers

Ali Kemal Bey, editor of "Sabah", Turkish newspaper, and Yonus Nadi, editor of "Yeni Gün", Turkish newspaper, both published in Constantinople, discussed the responsibility for the massacre of the Armenians.

Yonus Nadi tried to justify the Union and Progress Party.

Ali Kemal Bey asked him: "What is your intention? Why do you protect Talaat and the General Headquarters which perpetrated the crimes? Are then the people guilty?, then? Do you have the intention to proclaim the innocence of assassins and to accuse the people?

All the world knows, and this is a truth, that the massacre of the Armenians was organized by order of the General Headquarters; orders were transmitted in the provinces by Delegates ad hoc and massacres were carried out under their control by organized gangs.

Does it not serve the cause of Turks and Turkism to bring this to light?

Do you want us to abstain from making this decision so that we may all fall under the same guilt?"

-
1. La Renaissance No 7, Sunday, December 15, 1918, quoted from "Sabah".

Rec. 131, Secnd. May 4, 1919
from Aleedar

admitted, recognized and confessed,
Semi-official Aleedar, emphasized and
pointed out the state policy of extermination
adopted by the M & P Party and its executive
government.

"Our [Turkish] participation in war
was a mistake, but our alliance with
Germany was an incalculable mistake.
At the meantime, above all the mistakes,
we committed the greatest mistake by adopting
the policy of extermination with the most
considerable violence against certain
people and pursued it furiously),
a policy that was carried out through
deportations, massacres and rapes."

State Policy

On Sept. 16, 1915, Talaat Bey, Min. of Int. Affairs, dispatched a tele cabled telegram to his brother-in-law, ^{Mustafa} Abdul Halek Bey, Governor General of Aleppo; He clearly expressed that the extermination of the Armenian race was State policy; first of all it was decided by the General Headquarters of the Union and Progress Party of Young Turks in power; then this decision was communicated to the ruling Government; the Government made the extermination of the Armenian race its own policy so that no one official in the ^{official} Staff of the State could receive in office if he opposed this policy. He said:

"Previously it was communicated to you that the Government by order of the Committee (I) [the General Headquarters of the Union and Progress Party K] had decided to destroy and annihilate completely all the Armenians living in Turkey. (II) Those who oppose the order and"

(I) Emphasis added.

decision cannot remain on the official staff of the State. (1)

whatever criminal the measures taken may be, ^(and) no regard must be paid to either age or sex, women or children, nor to ~~consciousness and scruples~~, ~~and for humane feelings of~~ conscience, you have to put an end to their existence.

Talaat, Minister of Int. Af. - 2

2 - ~~See~~ original, ^{preserved} see Bob. N. Paris.

Secretary Naim Bey sold this original on Nov. 14, 1918 to Onnig Mouslimian, owner and director of Baron Hotel at Aleppo.

Telgraf hane

Sıvaledi

State Policy

3

Mahreci: Dersaadet

~~Postahane~~ Numarası 1118, 16 Eylül 331,

Kelimesi 16,

Tarihi: 16 Eylül 331

Tamamıyla

Devleti Osmanlıya

Posta ve Telgraf ve Telefon Nekareti

Hükümet telgrafının haberettese, dolaylı bir gönç
meruliyet kabule olunur.

Altındaşı Mahal

Keside olundüğü Mahal

330 Türkiye 95 de 376 mevcut 317 bilumam

430 Ermeni 198 lek 123 riin 119. Tama

1193 iy 148 176 m 111 iy 46 le

327 Mahv ve 354 ifna 198 la 123 re

112 N 419 Cemiyet 119 fin 148 em

176 ri 111 y 46 Le

461 Hükümet 47 se

189

elSugunu evvel cede tebliğ edilmisdi.

157 bu 111 e 148 mi ~~147~~ 176 123 re

ve 153 ka ~~148~~ 123 ra 189 re

716 mimanaat edeler 318 Devlet~~te~~

119 fin he 189 he 114 ye ~~193~~ ^{te} ti

~~148~~ ^{ti} 193 ^{ara} ~~za~~ 123 ~~ara~~ ^{re} 124 s 14

126 mi 114 ye 189 si 812 y 46 le

165 a 198 la 152 ka 189 ~~ara~~ ^a

149 d 148 a 123 r olamazlar.

152 kp 148 a 149 d 111 ~~iz~~ 147 N,

121 g 115 o 117 c 152 uk 176 m 165 a 198 l

115 u 198 l

mahal diye

5

149 di 81 ye 149 ~~di~~ 115 ^ü ~~si~~ 168 ^ü ~~si~~

115 ü 147 ~~ni~~ 198 ^ü L 176 me 81 ye.

123 z 118 zh 149 148 A 157 m

111 123 325 ^ü ha 341 na 147 ⁿ ~~si~~

152 ^k ~~ka~~ 149 k 123 ^ü z 114 ^ü h 111 ^ü e

165 o 148 l 115 u 198 ^ü ~~er~~ 115 ^ü ~~er~~

123 ^ü ar 124 sa 189 ol sun

115 ^ü ix 117 ^ü da _{ic} 149 da 148 ^ü in 147

111 199 h 121 s 198 te 123 ^ü q

189 ^ü hi 152 k 148 a 136 ^ü ~~ya~~ 198 la

176 ma 148 a 81 ^ü q 123 z 152 ^ü ak

389 merced 115 i 193 ^ü er 198 te

123 er 143 in e 189 ^ü ₄₁₅ ^ü er 123 ^ü ₂ 111 i

198 ^ü ~~er~~ 189 e 118 c 148 k 123 ^ü ~~er~~,

16 Eylül 33)

Halep Vilâyetine:

Türkiyede mevcut bilumum Ermenilerin Tamamıyla mahv ve ifnaların Cemiyetin emriyle Hükümetin takdirini etmiş oldugu eselcede tibbi edilmiştir. Bu emir ve karara mümakaat edenler devletin hayat - aza resmîyesiyle alakadar olamazlar.

Kadın, çocuk, malek diye düşünen her meyerek yer imhasına ne kadar vechi olursa olseen vicdanın hissleri kapılı yarak mevcudiyetlerine son verilecektir.

Dahiliye Naziri,
Talat

The General Headquarters of the Union and Progress Party of Young Turks at Nizir ol-Umarie, Consal, had decided long time ago and the decision was always in force while waiting for the opportunity for carrying out the decision, the party so not only communicated its decision to the government but also invested the state departments of full power to execute its decisions.

Dr. B. Sh. Bey, member of the Gen. Head. of the A.P.P., President of the Three-Member Executive Commission for the massacre, President of the T.M. Chetengangs or "butchers of men," wrote to General Bey, Resp. Sec. of the A.P. at Adana, then at Aleppo, on Feb. 18, 1915,

a. By order of the Rep. Authority. (1)
 a. The only force in Turkey able to frustrate the political life of the A.P.P. is represented by the Greeks.

"The Committee [of the A.P.P.K] has decided to free the country from the covetousness of this

(1) The Gen. Head. of the A.P.P. considered itself the highest authority in the Ott. Empire while the Rep. Sec's & Delegates of the A.P. in the provinces and districts.

of this accursed race and to bear upon its political shoulders the responsibility for the ignominy that will stain off. history. 1

a) unable to forget past bitterness, the Committee filled with revengeful ideas, hopeful about future success, has decided to annihilate all Greeks living in Turkey, without allowing a single one to remain alive and to this effect [The Gen. Head, K] has given the fort extensive privilege.

1. The fort shall give orders (of the provinces K) and Army Commanders necessary instructions concerning massacres. (extermination)

2. All the Delegates of the Mezal [in the provinces K] will be engaged in carrying out this plan in their respective areas.

3. It will be forbidden to help or protect (no one) any Greek in mass 2

1- Original preserved in Bib Nat. Paris

Sec. Naim Bey took it from ^{His} office and sold it to

Oting Mersuian, owner & director of Baron Hotel, Aleppo.

Ap- 134-135, FP 98-99, EP v1, photo. Ap- 116-117

Col. Hesameddin Erulk, ^{Leader of the T.M.S.A} and writer Sami Nazif Tanrı, tried to justify the extermination of the Armenians as the order ^{issued} ~~sacree~~ from the Gen. Head. of the M.A.P.P.

Emir Büyükkerten, the order was issued by high authority, coming even from the Gen. Head. of the M.A.P.P. No one could oppose such an order.

As a chief of the T.M. Col. Hesameddin's testimony may be an evidence that the decision of the extermination was made by the Gen. H. of the M.A.P.P., and communicated to the fort for execution.

Iki DEVRİN PERDE ARKASI, Beyond the Certain
of two periods, being imposed by Hesameddin
Erulk and written by Saadîn Hafiz Tanrı,
Istanbul 1964, p. 307.

TV 3540, p. 8, col. 1

lines 1-14

Jelal Bey's official testimony is certainly as convincing evidence of the decisions made in the Sec. Head. after long and extensive deliberations and communicated to the fort and garrisons for execution, But Jelal Bey was dismissed because he refused to carry out the orders of extermination.

Konya Vali-i esbaki
 Celâl Bey'in (wrak-e
 istintakiye Sâfiye 7)
 Haleptece Kaldırılmâsc
 Order Kuvâsâdâne
 Cevâl Paşa tarafında
 Talât Beyde sorulup
 Cevâleccî Ermeccî mesele
 Sinde nokta-i Nazar
 riyle Hükümet-i Merke
 ziye nokta-i Nazar
 arasında merafakat
 olmada şudan ibri
 geldiği bildirildiğine

Jelal Bey, former Governor General of Konia (in investigation papers p 7) also revealed that, when the Army Commander Jemal Pasha asked question to Talaat Bey concerning his [Jelal Bey's] removal from [the fort K] of Aleppo, Talaat Bey answered that there was obviously divergence in the views between Jelal Bey and the Central Government concerning

TR 3540, p. 8, col. 1, 2

ve Konya Ermenilerini
 himaye eylemigizde de, Dr.
Nazım Tarafından
gönderilen Mebus Ali Rıza
Ef-nin Merkez-i Umumice
âziz ve âmik diceenü-
lerek Karar verilmi's
bir mesele Hakkında
israr edilmesesi yo-
panda hayırhana res-
Yada bulandırıma
ve nihayet bu Seberten
infîsal eyledigini' ve
Istanbul'da bu meseleinin
mehazirini Talât ve
Nazima anlatırken, onlar
bu işin lazımsı ve faide-
sine kâile olsalar lazmı
Ve Dr. Nazım Bey daha
ileri giderek bu
teşebbüsün Sark meze-
lesini zalledeceğini

i - Emphasis added.

The Armenian question.
 While Jelal Bey tried to defend the Armenians of Konya, Deputy Ali Ef. was delegated to Konia by Dr. Nazim to tell him [Jelal Bey K] in a friendly manner not to be obstinate in his opinion and renounce his opposition concerning this question which was decided after widely extensive and reliable deliberations held in the Gen. Head. of The Union and Progress Party. Whereupon Jelal Bey was forced to resign from office and went to Consul, tried to make Talaat Bey and Dr. Nazim Bey understand the disastrous consequences of the question

TR 3540 p 8 col 1 3

Söyledeğine ve Hayri
Efendi ise galistirę
halde menine Kadir
olmadı geni began
eyledüğine dair ifadesi
Tehcir ve imha hak-
kindaki tekli fate
icra etmekten intixa
ettiliinden dolayi
arz edildigine dair
(istintakaname Safiye 17.)*

However, they replied him
that they were really con-
vinced that this affair was
necessary and useful.
Dr. Narin Beg even went so
far as to insist that this
initiative [The extermination of
the Armenian race k] might
solve the Eastern Question.
Although Sheikh-ul-Islam Hairy
tried to stop such
initiative, however he
was not successful. (inves-
tigation papers p 17.)

In a long report dated Dec. 5, 1918, Vehib Pasha, Third Army Commander on the front of the Caucasus provided indeed evidence and corroborated the state policy of extermination. He insistently stated that the extermination of the Armenian race was the result of the decisions made in the Gen. Head.

of the A.P.P. and that the fort carried out the decision of extermination by organizing the T.M. fi butchers of men.

Vehib Pasanin (tertip)

q, Sahife 3); Ermenilerin
Katl ve imha ile ve mal-
larının yağma ve gasbe
ittihat ve Terakki Mer-
kez-i Ummüsiinin neti-
se-i Mütarrerat-e oleep,
"Mcincü Ordu Muntkasında
insan kasaplarine
tedarike eden ve onlara (1)

(1) Euphemis added

The Third Army zone comprised the following provinces and districts: Diarbekir, Bitlis, Van, Mamuret-ul-Aziz, Sivas, Trabzon, and Janik.

Vehib Pasha (file 9, p. 3)

provided evidence that the massacre and extermination of the Armenians, and the pillaging and seizure of their possessions and properties were the result of the decisions made in the General Headquarters of the Union and Progress Party; that Behzad din Shakir Bey re-created and used

TV 3540 p 7 col 2

idare ve istihdam eden in the zone of the Third
 Bahactin Saki Begim Army Corps (1) and that the
 emir ve is'arnas inkiyat fort officials obeyed the orders
 etmiglerdir. Üçüncü of B. Shaker Beg and were
 Orduda bütün felaketi sympathetic to his directives.
 beseriye bütün fitne All the atrocities were
 ve fesat Bahactin committed in the zone of the
 Saki Begim eli altinda Third Army. All the humane
 sedeer ve zuher et- calamity and all the intrigues
 mistir. Benikiler ister and corruptions were the
 ne kaziktan kulturulmus results of the orders issued
 yararini, etekiler de by B. Shaker Beg.
 eli gözü kanla jan-
 darmalarini ihzar
 -- ilahore (2)

ve polislerini (3) ihzar
 ve cinayeti malumemin
 icras-i igin Devletin
 tahte ascesi ve hima-
 yesinde bir inkarati
 tamamyle toplamus

Some were liberated from
 the rope and impalement,
 some others, bloodthirsty
 Jeedareus and policemen,
 specifically prepared to commit
 crimes as they were sup-
 ported by the fort (State),
 annihilated wholesale human
 masses deprived of all
 protection.

(2) quotation from T.V.

(3) " continued from
 manuscript b 172-b 182

TV 35260 p 7 col 2 3

olan o midafaadan
 acız kütbe-i besere
 mesalat eylemlerini,
 Mukarrer bir program
 ve muhakkak Kasti
 tahtında yapılan işler
 meyaline Hükümet ve
 Terakki Marahhaslarıylar
 Heyet-i Merkezi yelerinin,
 ve Sanayen Kanun ve
 Vicedan, bir tarafa
 atarak mebni arzu
 ve veramına alet olan
 meesa-i Hükümetin
 emir yapılımız ve bu
 gibi cinayet-i ve
 meyalını görüp ışittikleri
 halde Vazife-i adliye
 lerini feren zimethal
 olmayıp lazımlı gelen
 Müdde-i Ummilerin
 işe Karşı şek davran-
 malaryla cinayet-i

The atrocities organized
 according to a definite pro-
 gram and committed
 for a specific purpose,
 were first of all decided
 in the Gen. Head. of the
 Union and Progress Party
 after deliberations by the
 Delegates and the Members
 of the Committees of the Union
 and Progress Party, and
 secondly by individuals who,
 transgressing all laws
 and regulations, were
 instrumental and sympathetic
 to the wishes of the same
 partisan organization,
 by order and arrangement
 of the fort. It is evident
 that those district attorneys
 and judiciary officials
 who did not accomplish
 their duties after having
 become aware of the

TV 3540 p. 7, col 2 4

mesme-i teşvik

egbedikleri anlası -
müs. dr. (1)(1) Ifade-i tahririyese
de İttihat ve Terakki

Merkez-i Ummiyile

Meclisi-i Ummi aza-i
tabiyeinden bulunan

Vükelə içi bir hic

at-i İttihat ve
burhan tauder-

such commission of crimes and
atrocities, but rather allowed
and encouraged the criminals,
must be considered indirect
accomplices. This written
testimony is a document
and indictment against
the Gen. Head. of the GPP
as well as against various
members who were at the
same time members of their
Gen. Assembly.

3- end quotation from
manuscript.

4) quotation from T.V.

Vehib Pasha's report is also quoted in the
verdict delivered by the Court Martial on January
13, 1920, sentencing Dr. B. Shabir Bey to death
in absentia. See Takvim-i Vakayı No 3771, pub-
lished Feb. 9, 1920, p. 48, col. 2.